THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY, MARCH 27, 1866.

THE ST. LOUIS APPOINTMENTS.—Some little time ago the President nominated General JOHN MCNEIL as Surveyor of the Port of St. Louis. The Senate confirmed this nomination. It soon transpired that MCNEIL was not favorable to the President's Policy, and consequently his commission has not issued. It is understood the President is resolved not to issue it, but to treat the appointment as though it had not been made.

Meantime the President nominated General F. P. BLAIR as Collector of the Port. The two Senators from Missouri oppose the confirmation of this nomination, on the ground of the contempt for the Senate exhibited by the President in the matter of the other appointment. If the Senate follow the ordinary rule of allowing the member or members from the particular State if in harmony with the majority, to control, BLAIR will be rejected. There is, however, a higher principle involved, and that is, whether the Senate will sanction the assumption that the patronage of the government is exclusively in the hands of the President, and that it has no prerogative but to acquiesce in his behests.

THE New York *Leader*, which was the first democratic journal to accept the Emancipation Policy, now advises the acceptance of universal suffrage. It says it takes this step upon consultation with some of the wisest and most experienced members of it party. Its idea is that if the experiment shall be made, the question will be taken out of the domain of controversy into that of demonstration. If under the experiment the blacks fail to sustain a proper position, the right of voting will be taken from them by common sense, and an end put to disputation over them. If they demonstrate capacity, everybody ought to be satisfied. Highly sensible.

ARMY OFFICERS TOADYING TO JEFF DAVIS.—B. N. HARRISON, late private Secretary to JEFFERSON DAVIS, has returned home to Mississippi, being discharged on his parole. A Mississippi editor who has conversed with Mr. HARRISON, says that the quarters of Mr. DAVIS are thronged with visitors, and that so great is the crowd that they stand for hours about the doors, and, when they can't get in themselves, send in their compliments and assurances of regard and sympathy. *This is especially the case with officers of the army.*

SOLDIERS, ORGANIZE!—There is not a township in Pennsylvania in which are not to be found citizens who fought with distinguished gallantry against the traitors. These men should immediately form Geary clubs for the purpose of assisting in the work of organization, and thus lead to the complete triumph which awaits the National Union party in October.

THE House of Representatives have measurably decided, by their action on the Loan Bill, that Specie Payments shall not be resumed. What the Senate will do in the premises is uncertain. This much, however, the masses of the people are anxious for a currency in which a dollar means a dollar, and not a delusive promise of a dollar, no body knows when.

THE London *Times* praises the President's speech of Feb. 22d, but is terribly put out by BANCROFT'S speech. The *Times* approves the one because it makes us appear ridiculous in the eyes of the world, and dislikes the other because it so tellingly pulls the finger of universal scorn at England.

IT APPEARS the President was in total ignorance, till within a few days, of the strong opposition of the Chicago *Republican* to his Reconstruction Policy. If he is equally in the dark as to the course of other journals, it is not wonderful he thinks his Policy has the popular endorsement.

GOOD NEWS FROM "MOTHER CUMBERLAND."—The Carlisle *Herald* announces Union victories as the result of the election held last week, in Carlisle, Newville and Shippensburg. The people are determined to carry the county for Gen. GEARY, at the October election.

THE POSTMASTER AT CLEVELAND, O., is indignant at the Postmaster in Hartford, (Conn.,) for giving his support to the democratic candidate for Governor in that State. The Cleveland man had better keep quiet. He may have to follow suit

THE notorious Fernando Wood has held a meeting in New York, where he delivered an address in favor of President Johnson's policy.

CITY ITEMS.

The Breaking up of Winter.

Under the hard seal of winter the filth of our cities, the pestiferous soil of our marshes and swamps, the mud and slime that form the alluvial of our great rivers, have been for nearly three months comparatively harmless. But now the early spring sun is thawing them, and the elements of disease that were torpid under the frost are fermenting, effervescing, evaporating. The atmosphere is heavy with malaria and miasma. Every cubic foot of air we breathe is tainted more or less with the mephitic vapor which returning warmth exhales from the unwholesome material of every description.

This, then, is the season when the system needs protection, and the experience of fourteen years has proved that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, by invigorating the stomach, toning the liver, regulating the bowels, and bracing the nerves, puts the whole organization in a condition of defense against the subtle poison which generates Agues, Remittent Fevers, Bilious attacks, Indigestion and Nervous diseases.

Now is the time for prevention. The *bane* is already on the wing; is it not the wildest improvidence to neglect the *antidote*? A few bottles of Hostetter's Bitters in every house in a new settlement, or a dirty city, or a marshy district, will secure the whole population against all the ordinary spring epidemics, if the preparation is universally and faithfully taken according to the directions. It is from lack of *resistant power* in their systems that men and women are prostrated by disease. Invigorate, regulate and purify the body and cheer the mind with the great Tonic, Alterative and Detergent, and *all will be well*.

Hostetter's Bitters

Are sold wholesale and retail at very low rates at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 64 Market street, corner of the Diamond and Fourth street.

Thomas W. Parry & Co.,

Practical Slate Roofers, and Dealers in American Slate of various colors. Office at Alexander Laughlin's near the Water Works Pittsburgh, Pa. Residence, No. 78 Pike street. Orders promptly attended to. All work warranted water proof. Repairing done at the shortest notice. No charge for repairs, provided the roof is not abused after it is put on.

Carpenter Jobbing Shop

Having returned after an absence of three years in the army, I have re-opened my shop for all sorts of jobbing in the carpenter line at the old stand, Virgin Alley, between Smithfield street and Cherry Alley. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

WILLIAM TORRENCE.

THE LATEST NEWS
BY TELEGRAPH.
OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, March 26, 1866.

SENATE.

The Senate by a strict party vote passed a resolution endorsing the National Civil Rights Bill.

Mr. Graham presented the remonstrance of the Allegheny City Select Council, against granting any further privileges to the Monongahela Ferry Company.

Mr. Graham, read in place an act relative to interpreters in the Courts of Allegheny County, also an act authorizing the Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company to increase their capital stock.

HOUSE.

Mr. Banks caused the article which appeared in Monday morning's *Dispatch* to be read by the Clerk, and moved for a committee with power to send for persons and papers. Agreed to.

Mr. Bills passed an act to allow the Sunbury and Erie Railroad to consolidate its bonds with the Buffalo Railroad.

PETITIONS.—Mr. Glass, from the School Controllers of Pittsburgh to take the control of the High School from County Superintendents.

Mr. Herron read in place an act relative to the claims of the Allegheny County Agricultural Association. Passed finally. Also, an act to incorporate the Ohioville Railroad. Passed finally.

HAMPTON ROADS PEACE CONFERENCE.

The Official Account.

SOUTHERN PENSIONERS TO BE RESTORED.

&c., &c., &c.

NEW YORK, March 26.—The letter of Secretary Seward to our Embassador in Europe, Charles F. Adams, giving an official history of the Hampton Roads Peace Conference during the months of February and March, between Colonel and Secretary Seward on one side, and Messrs. A. H. Stephens, R. M. T. Hunter and J. A. Campbell on the other, is published.

The Secretary says:—On the 28th of the ult. the President, attended by Secretary Seward, Messrs. Stephens, Hunter and Campbell, were received by the United States gunboat transport River Queen, in Hampton Roads.

The conference was altogether informal. There was no attendance of secretaries, clerks, or other persons. Nothing was taken down or recorded. The conversation, though earnest and free, was calm, courteous and kindly throughout. The conference lasted four hours, the discussion rather indirectly, and at no time did either make categorical answers, or demands. Before the conference, during the conference, which lasted four hours, and after the conference, which lasted four hours, the views of the insurgents were distinctly raised in writing, and were discussed in a courteous and amicable spirit. What the insurgent party desired chiefly to favor was a postponement of the existing questions at issue between the two governments, regarding the conditions of the pacification and non-recognition of the Confederate States, while the war was waged, and a mutual direction of the efforts of the Government, as well as those of the insurgents, to some extensive policy or combination, looking to the restoration which might be expected to subsist, and the armies to be disbanded, and trade and intercourse between the people of both sections resumed.

The conference ended in an agreement that such postponement we might now have immediate peace, with some not very certain prospects of an ultimate settlement of the main questions between the two governments, and the States, section or people, now engaged in conflict with it. This suggestion, though willingly considered, was decidedly discouraged by the President as one of armistice or truce, and he announced that we can agree to no cessation of hostilities short of the actual restoration of the relations of the disjointment of the insurgent forces and the restoration of the National authority throughout all the States in the Union. Before the conference was held, it was understood that was thus announced the policy of the United States, which was declared in advance, and when introduced into the Paris Jordin D'Acclimation, 34 was again exterminated, with a loss of thirty-five animals, among which were, Grizzly Bears and Polar Bears.

In England, the increase is reported as constantly accelerating, numbering 11,000 total cases in seventeen days in December, 7,000 at New Year's, 13,000 the last of January, and 17,689 the last of March, at which time the number which died was 112,315, killed, 9,956, recovered, 2,000, and unaccounted for, 1,359. Of the herds exposed, the number attacked was at first 41 per cent., but it has reached 84 per cent. Of those attacked, the number that died was in November 11 per cent., but in the last of January, 60 per cent., but the number killed, which was 36 per cent. in November, was in January 10 per cent. In November, 11 per cent. recovered, in January, 11 per cent.

The English cattle are found less capable of resistance to the disease than the Dutch. No reliable specific or mode of treatment is reported. A copy of the new cattle plague law in England is published, and Congress is also appealed to for a law under which vigorous measures could be applied, in case of its introduction in this country.

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Ex-Gov. E. M. Pierce, an unconditional Union man during the war, appears as a candidate for Governor. The bulk of the people is out for him.

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Fire at Rochester—The National Plow Works Saved by the Exertion of the Workmen and the Citizens of the Borough.

Yesterday afternoon our city was alarmed by the news of a destroying conflagration taking place at Rochester, Beaver county, Pa., requiring to the place we found the town in a safe condition, and the National Plow Works, where the fire took place, but slight is damaged, the office alone being burned down. The loss of the office furniture is the only damage sustained to the establishment, and it was ensured. The whole of it would now be a prey to the fiery element if it were not for the exertions of the employees of the establishment and the citizens of the borough who volunteered to save the building. The loss will not amount to more than two hundred dollars. The only life lost was a valuable dog. The poor creature was too stupid to get out of the hot temperature.

TRIAL OF GENERAL BAKER.

The Civil Rights Bill.

STARVING AND DESTITUTE INDIANS.

The Loan Bill in the Senate.

SENATOR FOOTE SLIGHTLY IMPROVED.

Official Statements Relative to the Cattle Plague.

BRIEF HISTORY OF ITS RAVAGES.

THE DISEASE IN ENGLAND.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The Criminal Court to-day commenced the trial of General Lafayette C. Baker, on a charge of robbery, preferred by Mrs. Lucy Cobb, well known as a pardon broker. The specified charge made by Mrs. Cobb is that General Baker, while she was under constraint from him, robbed her of two thousand dollars, which she had received from a man named Hine or Howell for procuring him a pardon. This is the second trial of the accused, it will be remembered, in connection with this case, he having been in January tried and convicted for her false imprisonment. There remains to be tried the charge of the false imprisonment of Joseph R. Cobb. The accused demurred to the indictment, pleading former conviction. This point was argued, and the Judge said he would give his decision to-morrow.

There was a crowd in the Senate galleries to-day in anticipation of a Presidential veto of the Civil Rights bill, but there was a disappointment. It may be communicated to-morrow, or perhaps not until Wednesday.

Representative Conkling will to-morrow report from the Reconstruction Committee the evidence of General Lee and others.

The Commissioner of Indian Affairs has been informed by a letter written from Fort Randall and Sully, Dacotah, and forwarded by Major General Pope, that a great number of Indians are arriving at the above forts almost daily, from the country above, in a starving and destitute condition. They had actually been forced by the extremity of their hunger to eat their ponies and dogs, including their offal. Reports also come in that many more are on their way down in a similar condition, some three hundred lodge at Fort Sully, where the commanding officer is unable to render them any assistance, owing to the short supply of rations. General Sully says it is well for these Indians to suffer in order that they may be convinced of their own helplessness and induce them to look up to the Government as their only aid and protection.

On the 24th inst. the President revoked the order dismissing Col. Rodney Mason, of the 71st Ohio Volunteers, and he has been regularly mustered out of Service. It will be recollected that Col. Mason surrendered at Clarksville.

The Loan Bill was received by the senate to-day from the House, and returned to the Finance Committee.

There is apparently a slight improvement in Senator Foote's condition since this morning, though his case is still considered very critical.

A communication to the Speaker of the House from the Committee on Agriculture, covers an official statement relative to the cattle plague, received through the State Department, from the Consuls at Hamburg, Liverpool and Sheffield. Consul Judd writes from Hamburg of his refusal to certify to invoices of hides, and and advises the refusal of all the Custom Houses of all entries of hides, tallow, &c., connected with the cattle. A perfect despotism should be exercised above our seaboard, to prevent the introduction of the disease, and to prevent the alarm and buoyant hopefulness of the American people should make them slow to act in this important matter.

Mr. Thomas H. Dudley, Consul at Liverpool, gives a history of the efforts made in England for the prevention and cure, which have proved totally unavailing, and suggests the sending of a commissioner by the American Government, to report upon its nature, means of prevention and amelioration. He also recommends legislation to further secure the public health. He also refers to an attempt to send hides from an infected district to this country.

Consul Abbott, at Leeds, writes that the farmers who were at first opposed to extreme measures, are now, in consequence of the losses in their herds, demanding the most vigorous measures. Mr. Lawes, the great agriculturist, from the voluminous reports of the British Commissions and other official data, considers the cattle plague of 1865 to 1866 as officially declared to be identical with the rinderpest of Continental Europe, and with the fatal disease recently complained of by foreigners for twelve years, and in the last year destroyed thirty thousand cattle

It is shown that in 1862, it destroyed fifteen thousand and in 1863 sixty-seven thousand attacked in the Australian dominions. In 1865 it overran Hungary and other Austrian dependencies, killing from 50 to 60 per cent. of those attacked in the several Provinces. The Commissioners report that France, by prompt action, extirpated the disease last Autumn, within about two months after it appeared, when introduced into the Paris Jordin D'Acclimation, 34 was again exterminated, with a loss of thirty-five animals, among which were, Grizzly Bears and Polar Bears.

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XXXVIIth CONGRESS—FIRST SESSION

WASHINGTON, March 26, 1866.

SENATE.

Mr. Sumner rose to a question of privilege, and moved to amend the journal of Friday by striking Mr. Stockton's name from the vote deciding his case.

This gave rise to a lengthy discussion, in which Messrs. Sumner, Trumbull, Johnson, and Davis participated.

Mr. Sumner said the underlying question was, had Mr. Stockton a right to vote. "To that," said Mr. Sumner, "I understand it is replied that his name was borne on the rolls of the Senate, and accordingly was called at the desk by our secretary. To that I reply, and to my mind the reply cannot be answered, the roll of the Senate is to be always in subordination to the principles of National law and Parliamentary law. Therefore you are brought to the question with which I began, Had Mr. Stockton a right to vote? Had he a right to vote, first, according to the principles of National law, or in other words, according to the principles of universal law?

Mr. Sumner then proceeded to quote from ancient and modern authorities to sustain his position, that Mr. Stockton could not act as judge and party in his own case.

Mr. Johnson said that in the vote cast by Mr. Stockton, he represented not himself, but the State of New Jersey, and that he properly represented New Jersey was not the question before this body. In the vote which he cast, he cast it claiming to be a representative of New Jersey. His name stands upon your files as the representative of New Jersey. How are you to get off. He has voted on every proposition that has been before this body. His vote has always been recorded, and when has he ceased to be a member of this body.

Mr. Trumbull—I regret exceedingly that this question is presented in the shape in which it is now before us. In the consideration of the right to a seat of the Senator from New Jersey, I had regarded it, and the Committee to which it was referred had regarded it, as a judicial question. He endeavored to look at it purely in that light. It was a question of law whether the Senator from New Jersey is entitled to his seat or not. In the opinion of the Committee he was entitled to it. That was my opinion. That is still my opinion. I believe he was clearly entitled to a seat in the Senate.

Mr. Sumner said he would withdraw his motion to allow Mr. Trumbull to move a reconsideration.

Mr. Davis contended at length, for the right of Mr. Stockton to vote, and characterized the attempt to exclude him from his seat, as a party measure, an attempt to get a two-third vote on the other side of the Chamber.

Mr. Stockton then took the floor, and argued at great length, in support of his case, in behalf of his State's interests. He said his colleague (Mr. Wright) was confined to a sick bed, and Mr. Morrill's conduct, he would characterize in the strongest parliamentary language.

Messrs. Sumner and Fessenden defended Mr. Morrill's action.

Mr. Foster explained his ruling of Friday as disclaiming the decision as to whether Mr. Stockton had a right to vote on the question.

A motion to refer the resolution of Mr. Sumner was debated by several senators, after which it was disagreed to by the following vote

Yeas—Messrs. Anthony, Buckalew, Cowan, Davis, Guthrie, Harris, Hendricks, Johnson, Lane of Indiana, Nesmith, Norton, Pomeroy, Riddle, Saulsbury, Sherman, Trumbull, Van Winkle, and Wiley—15.

Nays—Messrs. Brown, Chandler, Clarke, Conness, Cragin, Creswell, Fessenden, Foster, Grimes, Howard, Howe, Kirkwood, Lane of Indiana, Nye, Poland, Pomeroy, Ramsey, Sprague, Sumner, Ten Eyck, Willey, Wilson—22.

Absent, not voting, Messrs. Dixon, Doolittle, Foote, Henderson, Morgan, Morrell, Stewart, Stockton, Williams and Wright—10.

HOUSE.

The resolutions offered last Monday, by Mr. Rogers, in regard to the Federal and Confederate debts, came up as the first business in order in the morning hour. Mr. Rogers spoke in support of the resolutions, and Mr. Dawes replied.

Mr. Dawes suggested to Mr. Rogers to add the ten commandments to his resolutions.

Mr. Rogers declined to do so, and the matter remained open to debate until disposed of. The morning hour having expired they were dropped.

Mr. Rogers avowed himself in favor of paying every dollar of the debt, but he had not forgotten the elementary principle lying at the foundation of the Government, namely, the principle of equal and just taxation. He would tax the bondholders as well as the wealthy holders of Government securities pay their share of taxation on that property.

Mr. Rogers called for the yeas and nays, and inquired whether without repudiation and without a violation of the public faith, Congress could withdraw from the Federal securities the man millions from taxation which the holders relied upon.

Mr. Rogers replied that it would be no violation of faith, as the bonds had been issued with the express understanding that they should have the first resemblance to repudiation, to compel the rich, aristocratic bondholders, who had grown rich upon the blood of the people, to pay their share of taxation to the State and Federal Government according to the amount of their investments.

Mr. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, catechised Mr. Rogers to know that the holders of Government bonds were really not exempt from taxation, as they paid in one tax upon their property.

Mr. Grinnell introduced a bill to establish a manufacturing and statistical division in the Department of Agriculture. Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

The Speaker presented a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, transmitting the annual report of the Superintendent of the United States Coast Survey, for the year 1865. Ordered to be laid upon the table and printed.

Mr. Elliott submitted a resolution to print three thousand copies of the report of the Superintendent of the Coast Survey, for distribution by the superintendent and for the use of the members. Referred to the Committee on Printing.

The Speaker also presented a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, transmitting a report in reply to a resolution of the 31st of February, as to the cost at which the Government can purchase the Cumberland Road, commencing near Baltimore, which was on motion of Mr. Phelps, laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Moorehead presented the joint resolution of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, urging the repeal of the tax on crude oil or petroleum. Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. Kelley offered a resolution, which was objected to, requesting the Secretary of the Treasury to report to the House the amount of trade with the Provinces in British North America, and especially Canada, in 1864 and 1865 respectively, the values being estimated in specie, the proportion of the trade of each which was with the United States, and what articles, if any, were exclusively exempted from duty, the effect of the tariff laws now in force in Canada, with a statement of the nature and extent of the changes made therein during the year 1865, and the effect of Canadian Consuls for 1865, illustrating their value and the importance of the free navigation of the river St. Lawrence to American commerce, with such other information brought down to the present time as may be in his possession, and may assist in legislating for the restoration of friendly relations between the United States and said Provinces and their relations to the trade and productions of the United States.

Mr. Stevens introduced a bill to authorize the building of a bridge across the river Potomac, in Cumberland, on the river Potomac, in the state of Maryland, to the city of Pittsburgh, in the State of Pennsylvania.

Mr. Stevens explained the object of the motion, intimating that although the Speaker, in the state of Maryland, to the city of Pittsburgh, in the State of Pennsylvania.

Mr. Stevens explained the object of the motion, intimating that although the Speaker had supposed in forming the Ways and Means committee that he had appointed a majority of the members who were friendly to the proposition of a railroad to the west, he had found out otherwise—one member of that Committee having allowed his views to be changed by the arguments in favor of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad project. He had not made a charge that member (Mr. Brandlegee) as having been influenced by any other means than persistent arguments.

Mr. Conkling stated that the motion of Mr. Stevens was a motion sufficient to correct the mistake and mishap into which the speaker and House had fallen. The House had, in spite of all the pains we took, appointed a Committee which were adverse to the measure he (Conkling) and others favored. The morning hour could not be undone, but that the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. Stevens) would persist, and that the House would sustain him in doing so. The immediate country demanded the construction of an air line road between Washington and New York, so as to relieve the public from the inconvenience, the imposition and the monopoly to which it had been so long subjected. After some further discussion the vote was taken by tellers, and the House refused, by a vote of 65 yeas to 51 nays, to suspend the rules so as to allow the motion to reconsider to be made.

The Speaker then announced the appointment of Messrs. Washburne, of Illinois, and Wilson, of Iowa, as two additional members of the Select Committee on Military and Postal Railroads from Washington to New York.

Read twice and referred to the special Committee on Military and Postal Railroads.

On motion of Mr. Dawes, the Sergeants were directed to be added to that Special Committee.

Subsequently Mr. Francis Thomas called the matter up, assuming that the increase of the Committee would bring up *de novo* all the matters already decided by it, and moved to reconsider the vote ordering the increase.

After considerable debate, the House refused to suspend the rules to allow the motion to reconsider to be made, the vote being 43 to 54.

The Speaker thereupon announced the appointment of Messrs. Washburne and Wilson, of Iowa, as the two additional members.

The Army Bill was made the special order for Monday next, until disposed of.

The vote by which the bill amending the postal laws was recommitted to the first officer Committee, was reconsidered, and the bill was taken up. The 31 section authorizing the Postmaster General to sell stamped envelopes at the value of the postage, the House struck out. The fourth section, authorizing the mails to be carried to any foreign parts in sailing vessels was also struck out. The fifth section, which proposed to repeal the law relating to the publication of undelivered letters, and to leave it discretionary with the Postmaster General, was also struck out.

The evening session was dispensed with.

The testimony in the election case of Dodge against Brooks, was reported from the Committee on Elections, with a resolution that James Brooks is not entitled to a seat in this House, and that Wm. E. Dodge is entitled to a seat. Action will be taken on the case on Thursday.

The House adjourned.

Killed.

Killed.—Arthur Martland, a resident of this city, was killed at Oil City, on Saturday last, by falling from the platform of a car on the Pithole Railroad. Both legs were severed, and he died soon after. His remains were brought down to this city, and were buried yesterday from the house of a relative on High street.

Peterson's Ladies' National Magazine

for April, can be had at Gildenfenney's, No. 45 Fifth street, near Wood.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Trial of Joseph Keener and Andrew Busha for the Murder of William McCabe.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER—*Monday, March 26.*—Before Judges Sterrett, Mellon, Stowe and Brown.

District Attorney Duff called up the case of the Commonwealth vs. Joseph Keener and Andrew Busha, indicted for the murder of William McCabe.

Thomas M. Marshall and J. C. McCarthy, Esqrs., appear for Keener, and F. H. Collier and W. J. Moreland, Esqrs., for Busha. District Attorney Duff appeared for the Commonwealth. The prisoners were formally arraigned and plead not guilty. The following jury was empanneled:

George Gumbert, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh; James Shipman, McClure township; Jesse Espy, Upper St. Clair township; John A. Brown, second ward, Allegheny; John Davis, jr., Fourth ward, Pittsburgh; William McCullough, Second ward, Pittsburgh; George Parkins, Union township; William Love, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh; John Cox, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh; John Cready, Indiana township; John P. Connolly, West Deer township; John Fitzsimmons, First ward, Pittsburgh.

The indictment was then read to the jury—Joseph Keener being charged with the killing, and Andrew Busha with being present, aiding and abetting.

District Attorney Duff then opened the case for the Commonwealth, briefly detailing the grades of homicide, and reciting the main facts in the case. He stated that the defendants, on the 8th of December last, were riding in a buggy, up Arthurs street, in the Seventh ward, and that on the way they encountered a colored man named Andrew Fry, unloading coal. They ordered him out of the way, and when he hesitated Keener jumped out and chased him some distance, but did not inflict any injury upon him. A short time after, in passing along Webster street, two pistol shots were fired, one of which took effect in the thigh of the deceased, who lingered until the 25th of the same month, when he died.

Dr. A. G. McCandless was called, and testified that he attended the deceased. He was told, when first called, that the man had been shot, and he found a wound in the thigh, corresponding to a bullet wound. He told the patient that he thought he could extract the ball by incision, but he declined to the operation, alleging that he could not stand the pain. He then told him that the ball itself, judging from its location, would not necessarily prove fatal, and left him. Afterwards, and on Christmas day was sent for and found him in a dying condition. A large abscess had formed on the thigh, from the effects of the wound, and this caused his death. *A good western* examination was made, and the ball was found lodged against the thigh bone. Ball offered in evidence. The deceased was rather a frail man, and about sixty-five years of age. On cross-examination, the doctor stated that he thought rather the abscess would have formed if the ball had been abstracted. Death did not usually ensue from a wound of that nature. The wound, however, produced the disease, and the abscess was the immediate cause of death.

John Beatty, a member of the night police, testified that he saw Keener shoot twice at Busha, from the latter's buggy and shot, while Busha held the lines. They then went down Webster street "full tilt," the shots following in rapid succession. Keener rose up in the buggy, and pulling his pistol back over his shoulder fired two more shots up the street. McCabe was standing opposite Barckley's store, and when the witness came up to him he said "Beatty, I'm shot." On cross-examination by Mr. Summer, the witness did not see any knives or pistols, or even stones, in the hands of the men who pursued the buggy down street. A black man named Andrew Brown, at Keener's trial, testified he could not see whether it was a stone, a brick, a lump of coal or what it was he threw.

Court took a recess until 2 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Court opened at two o'clock, and the examination of witnesses was resumed.

Samuel Barclay testified that he kept store on the corner of Webster and Arthurs streets. He saw a young man shot—saw him point a pistol at the head of a colored man and shoot. Did not see the deceased. Did not see the shooting of the deceased.

Hyman Tanner, colored, testified that he saw a man in a buggy fire at a man, then drive down street, turn and fire again. He thought the last shot was fired as he was passing witness. "I'm shot." A great many women and children were in the street at the time.

Nelson Crawford testified that he saw Keener shoot. Keener ran into her house with a pistol, and started to run up stairs. She caught him by the coat when he put the pistol between her fingers and fired. She then ran out, and Keever passed into the alley, and then up Roberts street, when he met a colored man. Keever shot at him, and he fell into the gutter. He fired three times at Sheldon after he was down. He then went down Webster street, and Sheldon ran after him. Then it was he heard that McCabe had been shot, and when she went down street she (the witness) saw the shot, but not seriously injured. She then started to cross-examination she stated that she did not see Busha do anything. Sheldon is a crazy man. Did not see any person thrown at Keever.

Daniel Sheldon testified that he was unloading coal when the defendants asked him to let them pass. He told them there was room enough for them. Keever then drew and shot at him. He ran into Mrs. Thompson's house, where he boarded, and ran up stairs. Keever followed him, and he got out of a window into the alley, but Keever did not follow him.

Mrs. Mary J. McCabe, widow of the deceased, testified that her husband died on Christmas day. He was shot on the 8th of December.

Elizabeth Watkins, colored, saw a man shoot at Fry, and then pursue him into Mrs. Thompson's house.

Mary Harris, colored, saw Keener with blood on his face. She went to him when he passed her away, and threatened to shoot her. Keener said, "Don't shoot. He got into the buggy, when Busha said 'shoot.'"

Alderman Butler testified to the arrest of Keener, and that Keener said on the way to Keener said that he said all the deceased said was that if he had to go over the river for it, he would clear Busha. Officer Hall corroborated the testimony of Alderman Butler.

The Commonwealth here rested their case.

THE DEFENSE.

J. C. McCarthy, Esq., briefly opened the case on behalf of Keever, alleging that he had been assaulted by the deceased with a lump of coal, and shot while smarting under the blow he had received.

Wm. C. Moreland, Esq., opened the case for the defendant Busha. He contended that in no sense was he a participant in the shooting, either as principal or abettor. He would show that Busha was a man of good character as adduced by the Commonwealth, and on his previous good character

Joseph Press, barber, testified that Keever and Busha came to his shop on the day Keever had a wound over the eye, which the witness dressed. It had evidently been inflicted by a lump of coal. There were small particles of coal washed out of the wound.

A number of witnesses were then called and testified to the previous good character of the defendants.

The Court then adjourned until nine o'clock Tuesday morning.

District Court

MONDAY, March 26.—Before Judge Hampton.

David Mcready vs. D. James Robinson. Action for damages sustained by alleged malpractice. The plaintiff, on the 3d of November, 1862, was run over by a passenger car on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railway, Lawrenceville, and had his left leg lacerated and the bone broken so as to render amputation necessary above the knee joint. Dr. Robinson, a well-known and long resident physician of the Borough, was called upon and performed the operation in the presence of Dr. Allison and Dr. Phillips, all of whom sanctioned the manner of the operation, and regarded it as skillfully done according to the rules of the art. For seven weeks the stump ulcerated, and a portion of the flesh sloughed off, causing the bone to protrude. The plaintiff's counsel alleges that the operation was performed too hastily, that enough flesh was not left to make a perfect "flap," and that even if it did slough off a second amputation was necessary, and that the latter was the operation performed. To this the defendant's counsel replied that he was in no wise responsible for the future condition of the limb, had nothing to do with the dressing of the stump, and, any inflammation, or anything which might follow. These were contingencies depending upon the constitution of the patient, habits of living, and other circumstances over which the surgeon could have no control.

The testimony for the plaintiff showed that a considerable portion of the bone protruded after the limb healed up, and does still protrude. On the other hand, it was in evidence that the operation was skillfully and properly performed, and that it was owing to the fact that the plaintiff was a man of intemperate habits that the wound did not properly heal. A number of eminent physicians were on the stand, and many more were present as spectators. The case was not finished at the hour of adjournment.

Report of the Fire Marshal—Number of Fires During 1865—Loss and Insurance, &c.

N. Grattan Murphy, Esq., Fire Marshal, filed his annual report for 1865, in the Court

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY, MARCH 27, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR:

MAJ. GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Notice is hereby given that hereafter all TRANSIENT advertisements received at this office must be paid for when handed in, except in the case of yearly advertisers, whose bills will be rendered quarterly, as usual. Advertisers will please make a note of this, as the rule of cash payments for advertisements of the character stated, will be inflexibly enforced.

The price of our paper is THREE CENTS at the counter or from newsboys. Served by carriers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY CONVENTION.

A meeting of the Republican Executive Committee has been called for the 5th approximo. It is understood that one object of the meeting is to fix the day for making district and county nominations. We venture to express the hope that a day will not be fixed earlier than in June. A month or two later would not be objectionable. But whatever day may be determined upon, let seasonable notice be given, so that all individuals who have a personal interest in the doings of the Convention may have ample information and take measures accordingly.

SOLDIERS' ORPHANS.

In his late annual message to the Legislature, Governor CURTIN called attention to the system adopted by the State for the maintenance and education of the orphans of our soldiers, and recommended the continuance of the appropriation under which that system was inaugurated and has been continued.

There was a time when the proposition that the State owes maintenance and education to every child permanently domiciled within its borders, would have been received with an incredulous stare as a vagary of frenzied radicalism. That time has, fortunately gone by. A few fossiled conservatives may still cherish the notion that a child has no right to be born of indigent parents, or, if so born, must patiently submit to a life of ignorance and drudgery, but these antiquated ideas are held by the great bulk of sensible people as belonging to the dark ages, and having no pertinence or relation to the best and wisest modern civilization.

While the claim of all children to support and discipline, at the hands of the State, is full and imperative, and on the distinct and sufficient ground that they are fractions in the integer of society, the orphans of soldiers, fallen in the defence of the nation, have an additional plea and lien. Orphanage, of itself, makes a touching appeal to the sensibilities of every right-minded man and woman. They from under whom Providence has smitten down the natural props, necessarily fall on the bosom of the community. But when a man has voluntarily laid himself on the altar of sacrifice, and perished that the nation might live, his children, in an especial and tender sense, become the wards of the people. Pennsylvania, in obedience to a noble instinct, has recognized this obligation and made provision for its fulfillment.

From the last Annual Report of the Hon. THOMAS H. BURROWES, Superintendent of Soldiers' Orphans, we learn that over 1,242 children have actually passed under his care. These are all children whose fathers deceased while in service in a Pennsylvania regiment, or in the regular army or navy of the United States, or, if after discharge, by reason of wounds received, or of disease contracted while in such service. Moreover, these are children whose mothers or other relatives upon whom they are naturally dependent, are unable to furnish them sufficient maintenance and proper education. In addition, about 600 more had made application for admission, most of whom have doubtless by this time been accepted. It is estimated the whole number will reach 3,000. Orphans of from four to eight years of age, according to physical and mental development, have, for want of means and time to establish separate institutions, been placed in the Orphan Homes and Asylums in existence in the cities and larger towns. For the older orphans two grades of schools have been opened; one for the more juvenile, and another for those more advanced in life.

This charity was started on a generous donation from the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

Dr. A. G. EGBERT, of Mercer county, recently gave a farm of two hundred acres of suitable land, on which, at his own cost, he will erect buildings at an expense of not less than $100,000, to accommodate at least four hundred of these children.

It is estimated that the average number of children to be thus supported the current year will be 2,500, and the average cost of each $130; making an aggregate of $325,000. As there is on hand an unexpended balance of $22,000, the new appropriation required will be $303,750.

It is thought probable the maximum number of children be maintained and educated will be reached in 1866, and will remain stationary in 1867 and 1868, as the number of discharges in each of these years will probably be about equal to the number of the infantile class who will attain the age of four years, and be admitted. In 1869 the number will begin to decrease and will rapidly fall off, by arrival at the age of sixteen years, when they will be bound out to trades. In 1884, on this basis, the schools will close for want of inmates. The Superintendent estimates that $150,000 will be the average yearly cost.

WHY!

We are moved to the acceptance of Mr STEWART'S proposition of granting Universal Amnesty in exchange for Universal Suffrage, not because we have ceased to believe "treason is the highest crime known to the laws, and ought to be punished as such," but because President JOHNSON, who propounded that axiom, has changed, and there is, consequently, no longer any hope of bringing any rebel, even JEFFERSON DAVIS, to punishment for his offences.

The Executive holds every man to be loyal, no matter how red his hands may be with the blood of the defenders of the republic, or how black his heart may be with crimes against the peace, order and liberties of the people, who support his Policy of Reconstruction. Finding the President thus standing in the path of justice, and shielding the highest offenders from the penalties due their delinquencies, we are ready to yield the point, provided the ballot can be put into the hands of the emancipated bondmen, as an instrument of protection to themselves and of security to the nation.

The *Commercial* may detect an inconsistency between this proposition and our former one. We are sure no man of sense in this community concurs in that judgment.

On the 13th inst., Council Bluffs, Iowa, elected a clean Union ticket. The *Nonpareil* says: "It was a square fight, and the Cops are under."

THE CIVIL RIGHTS BILL.

If this bill had no other warrant in the Constitution, it has sufficient in the Amendment abolishing Slavery. See:

ARTICLE 13—SECTION 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

SEC. 2. *Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.*

The first Section of the bill is in these words:

"That all persons born in the United States, and not subject to any foreign power, excluding the Indians not taxed, are hereby declared to be citizens of the United States without distinction of color. But the inhabitants of every race and color, without regard to any previous condition of slavery or involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall have the same right to make and enforce contracts, sue, be the party to suits, give evidence, and to inherit, purchase, lease, sell, hold, and convey real and personal property, and to have the full and equal benefit of all laws and proceedings for the security of person and property, and shall be subject to like punishment, pains and penalties, and to none other, any law, statute, or ordinance, regulation, or custom to the contrary notwithstanding."

Section second is the statement of the punishment which shall be inflicted on any one who shall attempt to re-enslave any one who has once been in bondage, unless it be for punishment of crime after due conviction by law. The penalty is $1,000 fine, or imprisonment one year, or both, at the discretion of the Court.

Section third defines what Courts shall have jurisdiction over misdemeanors under this law. "The District Court of the United States, within their respective districts, shall have exclusively of the Courts of the several States, cognizance of all crimes and offences committed against the provisions of this act."

Sections fourth and fifth mark out the duties of the District Attorneys, Marshals, and their deputies, and the Commissioners appointed by the Circuit and Territorial Courts of the United State. "With a view to affording reasonable protection to all persons in their constitutional rights of equality before the law, without distinction of race or color, or previous condition of slavery or involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime."

Section seventh refers to the punishment of any persons who shall knowingly and wrongfully obstruct the execution of any warrant or process issued under this act.

The concluding Sections empower the President, in the execution of this act, to bring into requisition, to as full an extent as may be needful, the land and naval forces of the United States.

The object of the bill is manifest. It is not strife and discord. The aim is not to trample on and humiliate the white people of the South, or any of them. Nor is to interfere with the rights which any of the Southern communities now possess, or may be entitled to when restored to their old position as equal and independent members of the Union. The bill is in strict accordance with the Constitutional amendment, which gives Congress, in the broadest terms, authority to legislate for the ample and just protection of the rights newly acquired by the bulk of the black population. Nor is the operation of the bill confined to the rebel States. Wherever, under the national flag, the natural and inalienable rights of any man, woman or child, white, black or mixed color, born subject to the laws, are invaded, this bill is designed to apply a prompt and efficient remedy.

Now is the bill in conflict with the spirit and scope of the Constitution as it was framed by the fathers of the republic. The declared purpose of the Constitution, set forth in its preamble is—

"To form a more perfect Union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity."

The enigmatical toleration of Slavery by the Constitution was at variance with the dominant intention of the instrument, a blemish upon its fame, a clog upon its usefulness, and the pretext and occasion for the rebellion that so recently convulsed the country. It would, unquestionably, be false and absurd to say, if Slavery had not been acquiesced in civil discord and fratricidal war would be unknown among us, but it would be safe and true to affirm that but for Slavery the late war would not have happened. The Constitutional Amendment eliminated from the organic law the disease that was wasting the national strength. It brought all its parts into harmony with each other, and prepared the way to realize the dream of MADISON, HAMILTON and JAY that after Slavery should have passed away the antiquarian should not be able to detect in the instrument evidences of its existence.

THE PHRASE FREEDMEN'S BUREAU inadequately describes the matters committed to the charge of Gen. HOWARD and his associates. The operations of that Bureau relate as intimately to the wants and necessities of the large classes of white population as of the blacks. It is indispensable, in the transition state in which Southern society now is, that the Government interpose its authority and benevolence. Practically, the question narrows itself to this—is it preferable that the President should interpose *without law* to do those things which the Bureau Bill would have legitimated?

Correction.

SUNBURY, PA., March 23, 1866.

EDITORS PITTSBURGH GAZETTE: Have the kindness to correct the statement in your biography of Gen. Geary that "at the Lecompton Post Office the Governor's letters and papers, both private and official, were opened and their contents scrutinized."

My father, the late Dr. A. Rodrigue, of Pennsylvania, was the Postmaster there, a gentleman whose high integrity of character is beyond all question and well-known. The papers were opened at Lawrence, not Lecompton; and in consequence of it my father applied to the department at Washington for brass locks to be put on the mail bags that they might come safely through.

At Lecompton Gov. Geary had no better friend than my father, who had known him many years; and also Gen. Geary is well aware of these circumstances himself.

Very respectfully, &c.,
A. BELLAS RODRIGUE.

PROGRESS OF LOYALTY IN NORTH CAROLINA.—The Raleigh (N. C.) *Standard* of a recent date has the following:

"The town of Wilmington, in this State, has recently passed by popular election from the hands of loyal Union men into the hands of original secessionists and interloping men. The same is true as to the county court of New Hanover, under the appointment of magistrates made by the Legislature. It is considered disreputable in Wilmington to be an outspoken, unconditional Union man. General Robert Ransom, lately of the Confederate service, has been chosen Marshal of the town, with a salary of $2,000. General R. is, we presume, still unpardoned.

A SAN FRANCISCO jury has acquitted the mutineers of the ship White Swallow on the ground that their acts were justifiable in view of their inhuman treatment by the officers of the ship. The mutiny consisted in placing and keeping the captain and mates in irons until they agreed to treat the men as human beings; after which they were released and the voyage completed without any further trouble.

GENERAL NEWS.

A MAN named Molloy, living in St. Louis, obtained a divorce from his wife, and then followed her from place to place, threatening to kill her. She sought refuge in the village of Lake Station, forty-three miles from Chicago, where she remained unmolested in a hotel kept by her sister's husband. On Wednesday night Molloy burst into the room whilst two of her sister's children were kneeling before her saying their prayers, tired at her, but missed, and then cut her throat. Molloy fled, and has not been found.

COTTON.—A New Orleans dispatch of the 20th says the number of vessels now engaged at different ports in loading cotton for Europe is one hundred and thirty-eight, of which one hundred and eight are loading for England and thirty for France. The exports from New Orleans the previous week were 17,800 bales—the greatest portion for Great Britain, and the balance for France and Spain. The receipts at all the ports since the first of September last are put down at 1,700,000 bales.

A CORINTH correspondent says that it is estimated that upon the two fields of Shiloh and Corinth there are not less than 12,000 Confederate dead, whose bones for the most part lie bleaching above ground, the rains having washed away the thin layer of earth with which most were originally covered. The Federal dead were all neatly interred, in the usual way, with head and foot boards in every instance, and, in most cases, were enclosed with wooden railings.

ACCORDING to M. Babinet, a French savant, the coming summer will be very hot. All the springs will be dried up, for when there is no snow there will be no fountains. It is the snow alone which moistens the earth internally. Rain water does not penetrate sufficiently, being carried off rapidly by evaporations, except in wooded districts.

The *Nation*, has by its Louisiana correspondent information of continued outrages to Union men who hire negroes or favor them. Mr. Rider, an Englishman, who has for twenty years resided in East Feliciana parish, La., has had his corn house burnt and been threatened with death for leasing land to negroes.

A MAN recently broke off a marriage engagement because the lady did not possess good conversational powers. A henpecked editor commenting upon the fact, says, "He should have married her and then refused her a new bonnet to have developed her powers of talk.

GEN. J. WATTS DEPEYSTER, of New York, recently gave a dinner to Capt. Labouche, of the British army, who had attained his 100th birthday, and was one of the guards upon Napoleon Bonaparte, at St. Helena.

A CUBAN gentleman left his estate, valued at four hundred thousand dollars, to a Spanish female school, with an injunction that if the Spanish Government should, with the bequest it should go to the United States.

THE Hartford *Post* says that three of the Tennessee Congressional delegation, Senator Fowler, Colonel Stokes and Hon. Horace Maynard, will take the stump for the Union party in Connecticut next week.

THE President has pardoned Thomas Martin, a notorious blockade runner, who made twenty successful voyages and acquired a large fortune, which is thus rescued from confiscation.

THE whole Democratic party is making the restoration of a community of embittered and impenitent rebels to supreme political power a grand national issue.

MAJOR BLOOMFIELD has been appointed Quartermaster General of Louisiana. He was a Quartermaster in the Confederate service.

POLITICAL.

THE UNION REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, will meet at the OFFICE OF T. M. MARSHALL, Esq., on THURSDAY, 29th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M. Prompt attendance is requested.

W. J. GILMORE, Chairman.
P. M. ANDERSON, }
R. W. THOMAS, } Secretaries.
mhs27:2td

CONGRESS.—The friends of HON. JOHN P. PENNE,

will present his name to the Convention of the Union party, for nomination as a candidate for Congress in the 23d District.

mh24:td

CONGRESS.

GENERAL JAS. S. NEGLEY

IS A CANDIDATE IN THE 24th DISTRICT.

mh26:2td

FOR SHERIFF.

SAMUEL B. CLULEY,

subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention.

mh22:td&wkly

FOR SHERIFF.

CHARLES BARNES,

Late Colonel Sixth Reg. Pa. Heavy Artillery and Brev. Brig. Gen. U. S. A., subject to the action of the Union Republican Convention.

mh22:td&wkly

FOR SHERIFF.

JOSEPH ROSS,

Of the First Ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention.

mh22:td

FOR SHERIFF.

GEN. S. B. M. YOUNG,

Late Colonel Fourth Pennsylvania Cavalry.

mh21:td

FOR SHERIFF.

COL. JAMES M'K. SNODGRASS,

Of McKeesport, late of the 9th Pa. Reserves, will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the ensuing County Convention.

mh20:td

FOR CLERK OF COURTS.

DR. WILLIAM J. GILMORE,

Of Upper St. Clair Township.

mh22-d&wkly

EDUCATIONAL.

CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL.—WM. H. WAKEHAM, (whose health is completely restored,) will resume his professional duties, at the old School Room, East Commons, Allegheny, and will receive pupils for the half session, on MONDAY, April 9th, 1866. The attention of parents and guardians is respectfully invited.

mh27:1wd

EXCELSIOR INSTITUTE.

AN ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

FOURTEENTH QUARTERLY SESSION will commence MONDAY, April 2d.

For terms, call at INSTITUTE ROOMS, NEVILLE HALL, corner of Liberty and Fourth or address, for Circular,

Rev. W. S. GRAY, Prin'r.

Office hours, daily, from 10 till 1 from 2 till 3 P. M.

DISSOLUTIONS.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—WILLIAM SMITH and EDWIN MILES retired from our firm Jan. 1st, 1866.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.

PITTSBURGH, March 26th, 1866.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—ANDREW D. SMITH, RICHARD C. GRAY, CHARLES A. CALDWELL and DAVID M. SMITH were admitted as members of our firm, January 1st, 1866.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.

PITTSBURGH, March 26th, 1866.

mh27:3td

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The co-partnership heretofore existing under the style of SMITH, PARK & CO., was dissolved by mutual consent, on January 1st, 1866. The affairs of the late firm will be settled by WILLIAM SMITH, who will continue the business.

WILLIAM SMITH,
JAMES PARK, JR.
DAVID E. PARK.

PITTSBURGH, March 26th, 1866.

mh27:3td

CAUTION.

TO FURNITURE DEALERS AND UPHOLSTERERS.

CAUTION!

I am informed that a man calling himself T. H. LEWIS, of Cincinnati, formerly clerk with M'Alpin, Hoffman & Co., of that city, is traveling through the country representing himself as my agent, and taking orders on my account. Also, that said Lewis is representing himself as having an office at my place of business.

Be it known to all, that he is not now, and never has been, my authorized agent, but the said gentleman is my discharged servant, and I hereby caution all persons against dealing with him.

He is Mr. LEO. POLLAK, of Cincinnati.

ADOLPH L. A. KNOPF,
218 and 220 Canal street, New York.

mh27:2t&td

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.

R. C. HOWARD

Has removed from Fourth street, to HOWARD'S LIVERY AND SALE STABLE, on FIRST ST., above Smithfield.

HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

mh27:1w HOWARD & SON Proprietors.

ELECTION NOTICES.

MANCHESTER SAVINGS BANK,
WEST MANCHESTER, March 1st, 1866.

AN ELECTION FOR PRESIDENT AND SIX DIRECTORS of the MANCHESTER SAVINGS BANK, will be held at their Banking House, on SATURDAY, the 31st day of March, between the hours of 11 and 12 o'clock.

mh24:3td THOS. E. EPDIAE, Cash't.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the DELAWARE MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY, at its office, on the 1st day of APRIL next, for a CERTIFICATE FOR SCRIP DIVIDEND OF 1817, number 9230; said certificate having been lost or mislaid.

HENRY FORSYTH,
Administrator of Jas. A. Forsyth, dec'd.

mh26:3td

CITY SOLICITOR'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, March 24th, 1866.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO all persons interested, that the Court of Quarter Sessions appointed to appeal from the damages caused by the change of grade of Penn street, with the assessment and plan thereof, has been THIS DAY confirmed nisi. If the assessments are not paid within thirty days from the date, suits will be filed therefor, foreclosing the properties assessed, with interest, costs and fees, according to law.

J. F. SLAGLE, City Solicitor.

mh26:td Nos. 105 Fifth street.

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF DRAYS, HACKS, &c.—Notice is hereby given to all owners of Drays, Carts, Carriages, Buggies, &c., engaged in carrying for hire, in the City of Pittsburgh, to pay their Licenses at the Treasurer's office in the City of Pittsburgh, FORTHWITH, in accordance with an Act of Assembly, approved March 18, 1858, and an Ordinance of the Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, passed April 16, 1860, and all persons who refuse or neglect to take out License, will be subject to a penalty, to be recovered before the Mayor, double the amount of the License.

Owners of metal plates of previous years must be returned at the time Licenses are taken out, or pay 25 cents the refor.

RATES OF LICENSE.

Each One Horse Vehicle	$ 7 50
Each Two Horse Vehicle	12 00
Each Four Horse Vehicle	15 00
Each Two Horse Hack	15 00
Omnibuses and Timber Wheels drawn by two horses	20 00
Each additional horse used in any of the above vehicles	5 00

W. EICHBAUM, City Treasurer.

PITTSBURGH, February 9th, 1866.—6&mawtd

MEETINGS.

OFFICE PITTSBURGH AND BOSTON MINING CO., PITTSBURGH, March 19th, 1866.

ANNUAL MEETING.—An adjourned Meeting of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Boston Mining Company will be held at the office of the Company, on MONDAY, the 26th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M.

mh20:6td THOS. M. HOWE, Sec'y.

BOOKS, STATIONERY, &c.

MR. EDMUND YATES'

New Novel,

BROKEN TO HARNESS.

A Story of English Domestic Life, is now ready. The London Athenæum pronounces it "A REMARKABLY BRILLIANT NOVEL." It is being translated into French for the "Revue des Deux Mondes," which is a sufficient guarantee that Mr. YATES is the author of "The Temple Bar Magazine," and knows how to write as well as a correct model for the reading public.

This brilliant Romantic Novel is published in ENGLISH, FRENCH and AMERICAN, by

HENRY MINER, KAY & CO., sell it in Pittsburgh.

LORING, Boston, Publisher.

mh27:2td

APRIL, 1866.

OUR YOUNG FOLKS.

This popular Young Men's Magazine for April, containing THE FOUR SEASONS, illustrated by P. Hale.
KILEY ..... Marian Douglas.
MISS WYNCOTE'S CHRISTMAS.
LITTLE THINGS.—with Illustration.
A SUMMER IN LESLIE GOLDTHWAITE'S LIFE.—with Illustration.
THE LOST PASSENGER.—with Illustration.
PATTY MUDGE'S PIES.—with Illustration.
THE HISTORY OF TIP-TOP.—Harriet Beecher Stowe.
LYDIA'S LAMB.—Harriet E. Wood.
DILLY DALLY.—Mary Spencer.
LOOK AND LEAP.—Rev. Warren Newcomb, Jr.
FARMING FOR BOYS.—XI.—Author "Ten Acres Enough."
ROUND THE EVENING LAMP.
OUR LITTLE BOX.
Terms, $2 50 per annum, in advance. Address, J. E. Tilton & Co., Boston, Mass.
For sale by all Newsdealers.
W. H. TIDE, Agent,
No. 57 Fourth street, Pittsburgh.

JOHN P. HUNT & CO.,

PUBLISHERS' AGENTS,

59 Fifth St., Masonic Hall.

SMITH'S

AMERICAN INK,

Excels the ARNOLD'S FLUID, and about one-third the cost. Sold by all Booksellers and Stationers of the best accountants in the country.

mh27:1w J. H. SMITH, 78 Fourth street.

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF LIMESTONE.—The Pittsburgh Salt Manufacturing Company will receive proposals for the supply of

20,000 *Tons of Limestone,*

(not less than NINETY-FIVE PER CENT. PURE CARBONATE OF LIME), to be delivered at their Works, Liverpool, opposite the Company's Works, on the junction of said road with the Western Pennsylvania R. R., on or before the 1st day of July next, as required by the contracts. And bids must show what time is required to be delivered per day.

Samples of the proposed materials can be forwarded to the office of the Pittsburgh Salt Manufacturing Company, National Building, Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

Proposals will be received until MONDAY EVENING next, the 26th inst., at 7 o'clock, P. M.

The Company reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

Liberty Street, from Penn Avenue to Juniata Street; Penn Street, from Allegheny Avenue to Thirty-fifth Street; Hamilton Street, from Kingsley Avenue to Manchester and Ridge Street, from Manchester Avenue to Ridge Street, Allegheny Avenue, from Western Avenue to Franklin Street; Ohio Avenue, from the Railroad to Manchester line; Third Street, from Ohio Street to Grand Lane; Second Avenue, from Ohio Street to West Street; North Avenue, from Cedar Avenue to East Lane.

Any information desired in relation to the above will be given by WM. McELHENEY, According Regulator.

R. B. FRANCIS,
City Controller.

PROPOSALS FOR SAFES AND LOCKS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 24, 1866.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Supervising Architect, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., until 12 M., APRIL 21st, 1866, for furnishing the Burglar Proof and the Burglar and Fire Proof Safes required by the Treasury Department for one year from the acceptance of the proposal or the accepted bidder.

Specifications and drawings for the Burglar Proof Safes, showing the form of construction at present used, the thickness of iron and hardened steel, can be obtained upon application at this Department.

Burglar and Fire Proof Safes will be constructed in the same manner and cased with a suitable fireproof covering, the plans and specifications for which must be submitted by the bidder.

Safes to be shipped in perfect condition within a reasonable time from date of order.

The Locks will be furnished by this Department, but must be put in place by the contractor, and be in perfect working order when the Safe is turned over to the proper officer of the Government.

The right to be per supplemental foot, measured on the outside, and charges which may be made for omitting painting and door fixtures, (except costs of locks).

Proposals will also be received for Burglar and Fire Proof Locks, to be accompanied with drawings.

All bids must be accompanied by the guaranty of two responsible persons in the sum of $5,000, that the bidder will enter into a bond, with approved sureties, for the faithful performance of the contract if awarded to him, the sufficiency of the sureties to be examined by the District Attorney of the district where the bidder resides.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to award the contract for Burglar Proof Safes to one party, and the Burglar and Fire Proof Safes to another, if it be deemed for the interest of the Government to do so, and no bid will be considered that does not conform to the requirements of this advertisement.

Proposals to be endorsed: "Proposals for Safes and Locks," and addressed to A. B. MULLETT, Acting Supervising Architect, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.

A. B. MULLETT,
Acting Supervising Architect.

mh26:2awd3sp

PAVERS.

J. KUSTER. J. M'NAUGHER.
M. SAUGHER. ARTHUR HOGSON.

M'INTYRE, M'NAUGHER & CO.,

STONE AND BRICK PAVERS,

Will attend promptly to

Furnishing and Laying Stone and Brick Pavements,

And Repairing the same. Curb Stones Furnished and Set. Also, Grading and Cellar Digging done at shortest notice.

Orders for executing anything in our line will have their orders attended to be addressing us through the Allegheny Post Office, or by calling at No. 260 Sandusky street, Allegheny.

The highest price paid for Paving Stones.

mh21:6mood M'INTYRE, M'NAUGHER & CO.

SEED WHEAT.

SPRING WHEAT FOR SEED.

Important to Farmers.

We have a small lot of very superior MINNESOTA SPRING WHEAT, selected with great care, and suitable for SEED. As the season for sowing Spring Wheat has nearly arrived, persons desirous of procuring GOOD SEED would do well to apply soon, as the supply is limited.

HITCHCOCK, M'CREERY & CO.

mh21:... d&wk

RE-PLATING.

LADIES, SAVE YOUR MONEY.

By having your old Table Ware

RE-PLATED WITH SILVER.

CASTORS, TEA SETS, WAITERS, FORKS, ICE PITCHERS, KNIVES, SPOONS, CAKE BASKETS, &c.

Can all be re-plated and made to LOOK AND WEAR EQUAL TO NEW, AT A SMALL COST.

JOHN M. CORNWELL,
No. 78½ Clair Street

LICENSE LIST.

SUPPLEMENTARY to the Third List of Applications to sell Liquors, filed in the Clerk's office up to March 6th, 1866.

No. 1. Mary Grosnick, Tavern, Second Ward, City of Pittsburgh.

The Court will sit on WEDNESDAY, the 28th day of March, 1866, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for hearing the above applications.

mh24:3t W. A. HERRON, Clerk.

BRICK MACHINES.

BRICK MACHINE.—THE NATIONAL BRICK MACHINE makes, with only two-horse power, 25,000 splendid Bricks per day, with well defined edges and uniform lengths. If the machine does not perform what we claim for it we will take it back and refund the money. Address ABRAM REQUA, General Agent, 130 Broadway, New York.

mh26:2mood

PIANOS.

SECOND-HAND

PIANOS,

At $35, $45, $60, $75, $100, $120, $140 and upwards.

mh22 CHARLOTTE BLOME, 12 Fifth street.

WANTED.

WANTED—A first-class Milliner. Good reference required. Enquire at 175 Federal street, Allegheny. mh23:2td

WANTED—A Girl to do general housework. Good reference required. Apply at No. 30 Esplanade street, Allegheny.

mh24:2td

WANTED—AGENTS Male and FEMALE, to sell HOLLAND'S Throttle Thumb TIFE OF LINCOLN. "PETROLEUM V. NASBY PAPERS," Book in time will and home. CARTAIN'S NEW STEEL ENGRAVING, "GRANT AND SHERIDAN ON HORSEBACK." Agents say they could be in every house. Enquire for extra supply. Descriptive circulars sent free. EMERY & HOWES, 239 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. mh23:6t&w

WANTED—Good Agents to sell SHERMAN AND HIS CAMPAIGN, GRANT AND HIS CAMPAIGNS, (the only authorized and complete), CHILD'S PRAYER, FIRST LESSON, (splendid pictures), and THE AMERICAN INVENTORS. These are all new Books and engravings, and are selling as no books ever did before. For full particulars, apply to or address ANDREW ELLIS, 67 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

mh21:2t&td&w2w

WANTED.—$1,500 PER YEAR!—We want AGENTS everywhere to sell our IMPROVED TWENTY-DOLLAR SEWING MACHINES, three new kinds, under and upper feed; warranted five years. Above salary or large commission paid. The ONLY Machine sold in United States for less than $50, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder.* All other cheap Machines are infringements. Circulars *free.* Address or call upon SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Maine.

dec9:6mo&wkly

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—The Plymouth Congregational Church, situated on Bond street, near Penn, (or the materials of the same), apply to JOEL SMITH, Jr., office of Eagle Cotton Works, Allegheny.

mh26:2td

FOR SALE—FLOUR AND PRODUCE BUSINESS, of over ten years standing, in a good location in the city, a fine opportunity is offered to any person wishing to engage in the Produce Business. All communications strictly confidential. Address P. O. 780, Pittsburgh.

mh26:2td

FOR SALE—A three-story Brick DWELLING HOUSE, containing eleven rooms, with gas and water, situated on River Avenue, Allegheny City, near the Mechanic Street Bridge. Lot 24 feet by 120 feet. Title indisputable. Terms moderate. Possession given immediately. For further particulars apply to J. S. FERGUSON, No. 164 Fourth street.

mh27:2w4

FOR SALE—IOWA LAND—$2,000 will buy FIVE HUNDRED AND THIRTY ACRES OF LAND, situated near Webster City, Hamilton county, Iowa, on the line of the Pacific Railroad. It is offered for sale for TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS, cash. Address "OWNER," Gazette Office.

fe26:1t

FOR SALE—A Valuable Country Residence at Edgewood station, Pennsylvania Railroad, nine miles from Pittsburgh. Containing Eleven acres 130 perches of Land; a fine new Dwelling containing ten rooms and cellar underneath, with all other conveniences on the premises. For further information, call at No. 106 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, or on the premises.

feb7:6td J. S. KING.

FOR SALE.—A valuable Store, Warehouse and Dwelling, in a commanding locality, at New Texas, Plum township, Allegheny county, with stable, commodious out-buildings, &c. This property is situated on one-half acre of good land, with excellent water and other conveniences.

For terms and information apply to WM. M. MOFFETT, Attorney-at-law, No. 60 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

mh21:2w&wkly

FOR SALE—Six Lots in the Borough of Manchester, near the Allegheny City line, on the New Brighton road, with a two-story Frame House, with three rooms; a variety of Fruit Trees, and a hydrant at the door. Also, a number of other Lots in the lot, 24 feet by 120 feet, with a two-story and two splendid Farms, 11 miles from the city, 50 fruit trees, well improved, and will be sold cheap. Enquire of RAMSEY & HALL, Real Estate Agents, No. 91 Beaver street, Allegheny.

mh23:1wd

FOR SALE—A Valuable Farm in Atwater Tp., Portage county, Ohio, containing 200 acres of land, well improved and well watered with numerous never-failing springs of good, healthy, moral, and enterprising community. Any one desirous of obtaining one of the best Farms in Northern Ohio, will do well to attend to this at once, as a bargain will be offered and possession given at any time. For further particulars enquire of MERRICK & DOUD, Allegheny, or the subscriber, on the premises.

R. H. GORVIN.

mh24:1w

FOR SALE—A Valuable Farm of 114 ACRES, in Penn township, Westmoreland county, about three miles from the Pa. R. R., on which there are 75 acres cleared and in good state of cultivation; balance well timbered; a good apple orchard bearing fruit of first quality. The property is in a good house, a never-failing well of water at the door, frame stable, granary, corn crib and sheep house. The whole farm is well watered. A splendid prospect for oil one mile from the farm. Also Murrayville, about three miles away. For further particulars, enquire at the office of WM. H. HAY, 72 Liberty street, or the farm.

mh24:1w

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Lodging Rooms to RENT AFTER FIRST OF APRIL.—For such (as respectable young men, in a central location. No. 1 rates. Reference required. Address "LODGING," GAZETTE OFFICE.

mh26:3t

FOR RENT—A Country Seat, containing 13 acres of rich Soil; large two-story Brick Dwelling, Barn, Stable, Orchard, spring and Spring House, and Grape Arbor, Shade Trees, Shrubbery, Fruit Gardens. Apply to

B. McLAIN & CO.

mh26:3t

FOR RENT—The Lot on the corner of Butler and Allegheny streets, Sixth Ward, together with the Old Brick Depot Building thereon. The lot has 54 feet front to 166 feet deep. Will be rented for five or ten years. Apply to WM. M. HARRINGTON, No. 57 Fourth street, second floor.

mh24:1w

FOR RENT—Possession April 1st, that two-story dwelling, No. 81 Penn street, containing 9 rooms, gas and water throughout and down.

JOHN D. ERSKY,
Stock and Real Estate Broker.

Wilkins Block.

mh24

MERCHANT TAILORS.

GEN. GRANT

AND

KNICKERBOCKER,

THE

NEW SPRING STYLES

OF

BOYS' SUITS,

AT

47 St. Clair Street.

GRAY & LOGAN.

mh26

HENRY G. HALE.

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NORTHWEST CORNER OF PENN & ST. CLAIR STREETS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Desires to return thanks to his friends and the public generally for their liberal patronage, and would respectfully inform them that he has just returned from the Eastern markets with a large and well selected stock of

Fine Woolen Goods,

Peculiarly adapted to GENTLEMEN'S SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR.

mh1

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

WE OFFER THE LARGEST Stock in the West of everything in the line of Carpets, Oil Cloths, Damask, Reps and Lace Window Curtains, Gold Bordered and Plain Window Shades, Table and Piano Covers, of our own importation, at the Lowest Prices reached since the war. A line of Scotch Ingrain Carpets, of our own importation just received---very handsome---never offered in this country before---and at prices based on the present rate of Gold

McFARLAND & COLLINS,

71 & 73 Fifth Street, 2d floor,

Next building to U. S. Custom House and Postoffice.

feb24

AT McCALLUM'S,

No. 78 Fourth Street,

THE LATEST PATTERNS OF

Velvet, Brussels and Ingrain

CARPETS.

Embroidered and Fine Printed

PIANO COVERS.

Rugs, Canton Mattings, &c.,

Imported directly by us at present low rates of Gold, and purchased of Manufacturers, and at recent auction sales, at greatly REDUCED PRICES.

W. D. & H. McCALLUM.

mh26

PYRITES.

THE PENNSYLVANIA

SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY

WILL BUY

PYRITES,

OR

Sulphuret of Iron

Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Co's Office.

Corner Pitt Street and Duquesne Way

mh18:1f

DENTISTRY.

JOSEPH ADAMS, Dentist, Connelly's Building, corner of DIAMOND and GRANT streets, Pittsburgh. REFERENCES, Dr. J. M. Pollock, Dr. Halleck, Theodore Robbins, Rev. Kreutz.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS, &c.

AT EATON'S.

NEW GOODS,

Just Arrived by Express.

LADIES' AND MISSES' KID GLOVES, in all colors;
NEW HAIR CURLS;
BRAIDED HAIR CURLS;
FRENCH TWIST HAIR CURLS;
HALF CURL NETS;
ALL CURL WATERFALL NETS;
NEW STYLE SACQUE ORNAMENTS;
NEW STYLE FANCY DRESS BUTTONS;
BLACK SPOTTED LACE, FOR VEILS;
LACE COLLARS IN GREAT VARIETY;
BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRTS.

All styles and sizes.

N. B.—A FULL LINE OF

Gent's Furnishing Goods

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

F. H. EATON,

17 Fifth Street.

mh20

1866. 1866.

SPRING GOODS.

We are daily receiving NEW and DESIRABLE GOODS just from the EASTERN CITIES, which we are now prepared to sell CHEAP, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, customers at PANIC PRICES. PLEASE CALL

The Arrivals To-Day are:

Hamburg Flouncings,

EDGINGS AND INSERTINGS,

PINE LACE COLLARS,
HEM-STITCHED AND LACE RUFFLES,
MOHAIR BEAD DRESSING AND BOBS,
NEW STYLE LACE AND NET SACQUE RIBBONS

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDA CH 27, 1866.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE AGENTS.

R. M. ALLEN, New Castle, Pa.
MR. RILEY, Penna. Railroad.
MR. RILEY, Pittsb, Columbus & Cincinnati R. R.
E. GLENDENNINGS, Steubenville, Ohio.
F. P. ST. CLAIR, Wellsburgh, West. Va.
THOS. RATTIGAN, Oil City, Pa.
JOHN LINNENBRINK, Rochester, Pa.
IMBRIE & BRO., Wellsville, Ohio.
GEORGE CLARK, Smith's Ferry, Pa.
W. SNYERS, Allegheny Valley Railroad.
W. WARD, Monongahela House, Pittsburgh.
B. BRACHNEY, Washington, Pa.
ISAAC TRESCOTT, Salem, Ohio.
T. C. ALLEN, Columbiana, Ohio.
D. G. HESTER, Alliance, Ohio.
H. HEINEMAN, Butler, Pa.
R. J. PIERCE, Mercer, Pa.
JOHN ARTERS Greensburg, Pa.
POSTMASTER, East Palestine, Ohio.
J. SHOOP, Freeport, Pa.
JAS. T. SAMPLE, Allegheny City.
R. M. ALLEN, Sharon, Pa.
H. M'WILLIAMS, Sewickvile, Pa.
SHOWERS & SIMONTON, Brownsville, Pa.
J. H. EVANS, McKeesport, Pa.
C. LOOMIS, P. F. W. & C. Railroad.
C. LOOMIS, Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad.
THOS. LINNERGAN, Latrobe, Pa.
J. FETTINGER, Altoona, Pa.
THOS. TASTE, Johnstown, Pa.
H. RAMSEY, Sharpsburg, Pa.
M. A. TOWNSEND, New Brighton, Pa.
W. REED, Connellsville, Pa.
ROBT. SHIPMAN Woods Run, Pa.
CHAS. SOWTER, Blairsville, Pa.
JNO. ATKINSON, Irwin Station, Pa.
MRS. SARAH HARE, Tarentum, Pa.
S. GASTON, Sewickley, Pa.
SOLOMON FRY, California, Pa.
P. HUTCHISON, Kittanning, Pa.
W. G. BIGHAM, Mansfield, Pa.
HENRY HALL, Indiana, Pa.
A. W. YOUNG, Port Perry, Pa.
J. C. STEWARD, Verner Station, Pa.
A. M. CRAWFORD, Darlington, Pa.
Capt. JOHN HAY, Hayaville, Pa.
D. W. SMITH, Larimer Station, Pa.
R. W. BARNHILL, Baggage Master, Pa. R. R.
MRS. REYNOLDS, Lawrenceville, Pa.
H. MICAELS, Bag. Mast. Wellsville Accom'n.
JNO. T. WILSON, Torrence Station, Pa.
J. E. STICKLER, Jacob's Creek, Pa.
J. M. REED, Lockport, Pa.
B. RAMAGE, Enon Valley, Pa.
B. MITCHELL, White Ash, Pa.

VARIOUS ITEMS.

THE SALEM (Ohio) *Advocate* tells a sad story of a young lady being frightened to death under the following circumstances: "Two ladies living alone were preparing to retire, when some one rapped at the door, and inquiring who knocked, and receiving no answer, one of the ladies started across the floor to an adjoining room and dropped dead from sheer frigat. This brought a shriek from the remaining lady, as she ran to her sister's assistance; just then the door opened and in rushed the brother of the two ladies, who had been mistaken for a dead for nearly three years. He was much surprised at his sister by not making himself known until after they had admitted him, and judge of his grief on learning that his surprise had resulted in the death of one of his much loved sisters.

THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.—The Supreme Court has decided the case of the United States (plaintiffs against Garret Y. Scott. It was on a certificate of division in opinion between the judges of the Circuit Court for the district of Indiana. Scott was indicted and found guilty of murdering John McCarthy, who was engaged in notifying men to appear at the rendezvous and report for duty. The point decided is that the deceased was not, under the act of 1863, employed in making or aiding any enrolment. Therefore, this was not a special case for a Federal court, but pertained to a State tribunal, as any other case of murder.

THE *Westminster Review* reminds Phillip Stanhope Worsley, who has translated the Iliad into English verse, that he indicated it to General Lee, "as the best living representative of its hero," that the name of Hector has by some strange perversion of language been used as a term for a bully; but never has that great name been so abused as when MR. Worsley compared him "to a general who, in upholding slavery waged war not only against the best interests of his country, but against humanity and civilization."

THERE is in the parish of Helmingham, Suffolk, England, an ancient grave field or human skeletons. The bodies are several hundred in number, lying in a thin layer of flint gravel on the boulder clay of the district, within two feet of the present surface. They are placed very closely side by side upon their backs, with their feet to the east, and heads to the west, and the remarkable state of preservation. They are all supposed to date before the year 300.

A CORRESPONENT of the Hartford *Times* says he was rather surprised to meet in Hartford the other day a soldier whom he helped bury and read the burial service over in Virginia in the fall of 1863. The fellow was in a trance when he was buried, partly dug himself out of his very shallow grave, was discovered by the rebels, helped out and sent as a prisoner to Richmond for a year and then to Georgia until the war ended.

AN ADVERTISEMENT in a New York paper, promising on the receipt of twenty-five cents, to send a receipt to keep water in wells and cisterns from freezing, a man in a neighboring city forwarded the currency and received the following answer, which may prove of value to some of our readers:—"Take in your well and cistern on cold nights and keep them by the fire.

THE POTOMAC FISHERIES.—Operations at the many fisheries upon the shores of the Lower Potomac, which were almost entirely suspended during the war, have recommenced. But few herring or shad have yet been caught, but the seine has drawn ashore unusual numbers of cat-fish, more than were ever seen along that river before.

THE BABOONS of South Africa are so large and so numerous that they enter sheepcotes and kill and eat young and old as their appetites need. They have to be trapped and shot to save the herds. They will face and fight women and children, and well barely run from men.

BRANDY-DRINKERS may not be pleased to learn that the Internal Revenue detectives of New York discovered parties engaged in a soap-boiling establishment, in manufacturing French brandy from *grocer's rollers*—composed of glue and molasses.

THE N. Y. *News* formaly turns Gen. Grant over to the Radicals, with whom it avers he has a complete understanding, and who will undoubtedly nominate him for President in 1868.

CAPT. JOSEPH BROWN, an old steamboatman, and during the war a builder of ironclads, has been elected President of the Atlantic and Mississippi Steamship Company.

IT is estimated that the whole oil territory of Pennsylvania might have been purchased a few years ago for $200 000, and now it is held to be worth more than $50-000,000.

NAPOLEON recently invited the principal Jews of France to a conference on the subject of the return of the Jews to the Holy Land, in the course of which he entered thoroughly into the whole subject, and intimated his disposition to use his great power and influence toward that end.

A GROCER advertises in the following manner: "Hams and cigars, smoked and unsmoked."

General Grant and the Presidency.

The Galena (Ill.) *daily Gazette* of the 14th instant has an article evidently written by General GRANT's immediate friend, called forth by the fact that "some time since a Republican and Union meeting in the city of Rochester, N. Y., had nominated Lieutenant General GRANT as the Union candidate for the presidency in 1868." It is very significant. While the attempt to nominate the General for that office is characterized as "premature agitation," the writer states that his friends look forward with pride and hope to the time when he shall receive the highest office which can be bestowed upon him by a grateful people, as a reward for the inestimable services he has rendered his country." The article says that "he takes no part with the President as against Congress, and no part with Congress as against the President." His "official acts" are his present platform. His views in regard to the necessity of the freedmen's bureau and the keeping the troops in the rebel States are recorded." His orders for the protection of Union men in the South his suppression of disloyal papers in the South, and his opinion of disloyal papers in the North, are also on record." "*His written declaration, nearly three months in advance of Mr.* LINCOLN'S *immortal proclamation that slavery should be wiped out before the war ended, is well known to all intelligent men.*" This important declaration is succeeded by an italicised passage, which is as follows:

"We know that all General GRANT's hopes and sympathies are with the great and patriotic Union party of this country. In feeling and in sentiment he as strongly identified with the millions of loyal people, long years of war and carnage their hearts, their blood, are to their country. We sympathy nor toleration for t ery set of men, who were sultry in its terrible time of through which it has safely

General Grant and the Presidency.

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"We know that all General GRANT's hopes and sympathies are with the great and patriotic Union party of this country. In feeling and in sentiment he as strongly identified with the millions of loyal people, long years of war and carnage their hearts, their blood, are to their country. We sympathy nor toleration for t ery set of men, who were sultry in its terrible time of through which it has safely

SPECIAL NOTICES.

AYER'S PILLS.—Are you sick, feeble and complaining? Are you out of order with your system deranged and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms of sickness indicate to serious illness. Some of it is sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by stimulating the right remedy. The first effort of this remedy is to arouse activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease, and set the organs everywhere in the healthy and deranged in natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the circulating organs, producing general aggravation, suffering and derangement. While in this condition, take AYER's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint is also true in many of the deep seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangement of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly and many of them surely cured by the same means. None who know the virtue of the Pills will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure, such as Headache, Foul Stomach, Dysentery, Bilious Complaints, Indigestion, Derangements of the Liver, Costiveness, Constipation, Heartburn, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Worms and Suppression, when taken to large Coated, so that the most sensitive can take them easily, and they are surely the best purgative medicine yet discovered.

AYER'S AGUE CURE,

For the speedy cure of *Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague, Remittent Fever, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical Headache or Bilious Headache, and Bilious Fevers, in fact for the whole class of diseases originating in that fruitful element, caused by the Malaria of miasmatic countries.*

This remedy has rarely failed to cure the several cases of this class of complaints which have arisen to vanish over other Ague medicines, that it subdues the complaint without injury to the patient. It contains no Arsenic, Quinine or Mineral poison, nor does it produce quinism or any injurious effect whatever. Shaking brothers of the army and the west, try it and you will engather free and healthy.

Prepared by J. C. AYER & CO. Lowell, Mass., and sold by R. A. FAHNESTOCK SON & CO., and by all Druggists.

RETROUVEY'S TURKISH

THE DRESSING AND RESTORER OF THE AGE

TURKISH RANDOLENIAN HAIR TONIC.

RETROUVEY'S TURKISH RANDOLENIAN. What can be more acceptable than anything that will bestow that will restore nature's decay to stop the fall from falling, preserving its natural color, and cause it to grow in luxuriance and beauty, assist in putting it up according to the present style and fashion and keep it in place? The Restorer will do all this and more than any other Hair Tonic will do, and for proof we refer to any person who has tried it. It is acknowledged to be the beautifier of the age, the only true Tonic and Restorer worthy of the name. In Turkey, France, in England, in America—everywhere—it is known as the "Randolenian." Its known as *a principle* of Hair Preparations. Remember, it is free from all metallic poisons that are contained in most Hair Colors and Restoratives, being composed of many flowers and herbs, beautifully put up, and arranged in the prescription stand.

For sale by all Druggists and Perfumers, wholesale by R. E. SELLERS & CO.

Principal Depot for United States and Canadas, JAMES PALMER & CO., No. 67 Maiden street, Philadelphia.

de10 3med&wT

PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS,

HUBBARD, BRO. & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PATENT GROUND CIRCULARS,

Warranted CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description. Mill, Muley, Cross-cut, Gang, and all other varieties.

All kinds of KNIVES and SPRINGS, made from Shear Cast Steel. Extra Relined REAPER AND MOWING KNIVES, &c.

Warehouse and Works, corner WATER and SMOTHFIELD STREETS, Pittsburgh.

Particular attention paid to re-toothing, gumming and straightening Circular Saws, and repairing of all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. ap23-1y

LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.

Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND SOLID COPPER, YELLOW METAL, BOLTS, &c. RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, SPELTER, &c.

Also, Importers and Dealers in METALS, TIN PLATES, SHEET IRON, CANADA PLATES, and TINNERS' MACHINES and TOOLS, corner of No. 140 FIRST and 139 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to sheet pattern.

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

Boiler Makers & Sheet Iron Workers,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn street.

Having secured a large yard, and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS, in the best manner, and on the shortest notice, such as MARINE, COUNTRY, CHIMNEYS, BREECHING, FIRE BOXES, STEAM PIPES, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, COPPER DENSERS, SALT PANS, TANKS, OIL STILLS, AGITATORS, SETTLING PANS, BOLT IRON BRIDGES, SUGAR PANS, Wrought Iron Beams of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS. Repairing done on the shortest notice. de26

ROBINSON, REA & CO., (Successors to ROBINSON, MAYER & MILLER,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Founders & Machinists, Pittsburgh,

manufacturers of MARINE and RIVER BOAT STEAM ENGINES, BLAST ENGINES, MILL MACHINERY, CASTINGS of all kinds, WROUGHT IRON all descriptions, OIL TANKS and STILLS, BOILER AND SHEET IRON WORK.

Agent for EDWARDS' PATENT INJECTOR, or feeding boilers.

TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS,

OF BOTH SEXES.—A several gentleman having been restored to health in a few days, after undergoing the usual routine of medical treatment without success, considers it his duty to communicate to his afflicted fellow creatures the means of cure. Hence, on the receipt of an addressed envelope, he will send, *free*, a copy of the prescription used.

Direct to Dr. JOHN M. DAGNALL, 186 Fulton street, N. Y. mh10-6m*

JOHN COCHRAN & BRO.,

Manufacturers of IRON VAULT DOORS, VAULT LIGHTS, RAILINGS, GRATINGS, SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c., No. 115 SECOND and 86 THIRD STREETS, between Wood and Market, have on hand a variety of new patterns fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.

Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. ap1

THE BRIDAL CHAMBER;

OR, AN ESSAY OF WARNING AND COUNSEL AND INSTRUCTION FOR YOUNG MEN. Also, the only reliable treatment for premature decay and debility. Address Dr. J. SKILLEN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. ap1

SENT FREE.—A Pamphlet

of immense importance to the sick and young, married or single, of both sexes. Will be sent free by addressing, with stamp enclosed, the Agents, A. KENDRICK & CO., Box 2, Boston Post Office. mh26,6m*

GOVERNMENT SALES.

GOVERNMENT SALE.

Queensware, Cutlery, Hardware, Tinware, Stoves, Ranges, Blankets, &c.

Will be sold at Auction, at the Medical Purveyor's Warehouse, Public Square, Nashville, Tenn., on TUESDAY MORNING, March 27th, at 9 o'clock A. M., a lot of GOVERNMENT STORES, in original Packages, consisting in part, of

20,000 Plates,	50 Clocks,
2,500 Bowls,	100 Coffee Mills,
1,000 Pitchers,	100 Counter Scales,
2,000 Lanterns,	2,000 Blankets,
500 Chamber,	2,000 Tin Buckets,
500 Saltcons,	400 Wash Tubs,
4,000 Spittoons,	500 Store Pans,
15,000 Knives and Forks,	100 Axes,
1,200 Carvers, &c.,	2,000 Wash Boards,
15,000 Spoons,	2,000 Scrub Brushes,
800 Soaking Glasses,	

Tea Pots, Tumblers, Bowls, Mugs, Cups, Basins, Tubs, Wood Pumps, Chests, Coffee Mills, Hammers, Mops, Brooms, Ice Chests, Water Coolers, Stoves, Ranges, Cauldrons, and miscellaneous furnishing articles too numerous to mention.

Surgeon and Ret. Colonel U. S. A.
mh15,3td Medical Purveyor U. S. A.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY,

AT

MACON, GA.

By direction of the Secretary of War, will be sold

Building Materials, Steam Engines, Machinery, Tools, Iron, Copper, Lumber, & Stores of Various Kinds,

Which were collected at Macon, Ga., by the Confederate government, for the erecting and permanent equipment of large Armory, Laboratory, and Arsenal; and also,

Tools, Machinery and Materials,

Collected from Iron Works and Armories in the States of Alabama and Georgia, will be sold at

Public Auction.

Among the articles to be sold, are:

30,000 lbs. COPPER—Rods;	
42,000 lbs. COPPER—round rods;	
38,000 lbs. COPPER—bar;	
20,000 lbs. COPPER—sheet;	
200,000 lbs. WROUGHT IRON—bar and rod;	
800 tons PIG IRON;	
700 tons CAST IRON—unserviceable shells;	
54,000 lbs. LEAD—pigs;	
45,000 lbs. TIN—block and sheet;	
15,000 lbs. CHAIN—cables and cable;	
15,000 yards CLOTH—Cotton, English Serge, Oil-cloth and unbleached;	
32,000 lbs. POWDER;	
5,000 feet BELTING—gum and leather, assorted sizes;	
200 MACHINES—Drills, Planers, Milling, Screw-cutting, Steam and Trip Hammers;	

Harness, Saddles, Horse Equipments, Infantry and Cavalry Accoutrements, Blankets, Wagon and Gun Carriage Irons, 35 unserviceable Cannon—iron and bronze, 80 broken Gun Carriages, Laboratory Stores and Materials, Spare Parts (new) for Springfield Muskets and Colt's Revolvers, and an assortment of

Paints and Oils.

The attention of Northern buyers is called to this sale, which is a large one, and of valuable property. Full printed Catalogues of the property to be sold, can be obtained from the Chief of Ordnance at Washington, D. C., and from the Commanding Officer of the Augusta Arsenal, Georgia.

The sale will commence on

Wednesday, April 4th, 1866,

and continue every day until all the property is sold.

TERMS—CASH. U. S. Currency.

D. W. FLAGLER,
Capt. Ord. Brev. Lt. Col.,
Com. Augusta Arsenal.

mh15:tmh30

INSURANCE AGENTS.

J. GARDINER COFFIN, Agent for the Franklin, Philadelphia and Baltimore Insurance Companies, North-east corner WOOD and THIRD streets.

W. L. JONES, Agent for the North America, Nos. 17 Pennsylvania, and Hartford Insurance Companies, 9 WATER STREET.

WM. A. SHEPARD, Secretary of the Citizens' Insurance Company, corner of MARKET AND WATER STREETS.

OLD COPPER AND BEESWAX.

8 boxes Copper;
1 cask and 1 box Beeswax.
Now landing from steamer. Work for sale by
mh28 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

GEORGE AND MANAGER.....WM. HENDERSON.

Engagement of four nights of the popular and versatile

ETTIE HENDERSON,

who will make her first appearance in her great character of FANCHON, The Merry Cricket.

This (Tuesday) EVENING, will be presented the ever popular five act German play, entitled

FANCHON.

Fanchon, the Little Cricket.....Ettie Henderson.
Overture.....Orchestra.

To conclude with the

MILKMAN.

WEDNESDAY, Irish Prize Drama of KATHLEEN MAVOURNEEN.

MATINEE SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at two o'clock, UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

OPERA HOUSE.

LESSEE AND MANAGER.....ANNIE FERRELL.

GREAT STOCK BILL

TUESDAY EVENING, March 27th, first appearance of the Champion Clog Dancer,

JOHN SCULLEN,

A Pittsburgh Boy, just returned from the East.

The performance to commence with the beautiful Drama of the

FIVE FAST MEN;

OR, THREE DEGREES OF LOAFING.

CLOG DANCE.....JOHNNY SCULLEN.
Favorite Song.....Miss Fanny Pierson.
Favorite Dance.....Louisa Sylvester.

To conclude with the great moral drama of

TEN NIGHTS IN A BAR ROOM.

WEDNESDAY, BENEFIT OF J. O. SEFTON.

MASONIC HALL.

BLIND TOM,

THE WONDERFUL

BLIND BOY PIANIST,

Will give a Series of his

REMARKABLE CONCEPTS,

COMMENCING

Monday Evening, April 2, 1866.

Admission.....50 cents.
Reserved Seats.....75 cents.

To be had at the Hall daily from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M.

N. B.—The STEINWAY CONCERT GRAND PIANO used for this occasion is kindly furnished by H. KLEBER & BRO., No. 127 Wood street.
mh26:3td J. A. THAYER, Agent.

NEW CLASSES ARE FORMING

AT

PROF. COWPER'S

Fashionable Dancing Academy.

WILKINS HALL, Fourth street, near Smithfield. First Class, TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at 7½ o'clock. Gentlemen's class, eight to the evening. Wilkins Hall is now open for Assemblies and classes. Apply to PROF. COWPER, at the Hall.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT,

WILKINS HALL.

The large, commodious, and not too large by two-thirds of its dimensions, and moderate in price.

WILKINS HALL, Fourth street, near Smithfield, has undergone thorough repairs, is newly painted, and has been elegantly refurnished with chairs, settees, &c., and is now in the finest dancing condition.

Apply to

PROF. COWPER, at the Hall.

PLUMBING, &c.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,

No. 167 Smithfield Street.

Have just received a large assortment of

GAS FIXTURES,

WHICH THEY OFFER FOR SALE

AT A VERY LOW FIGURE.

WOOD PUMPS:

ALL KINDS OF

IRON PUMPS,

HYDRANTS,

Sheet Lead, Sheet Zinc,

LEAD PIPE,

BATH TUBS SINKS, WATER CLOSETS

WASH BASINS, WASH STANDS,

Hydraulic Rams.

Brass Work of all kinds, Block Tin Pipe, Hoods Fountains, all kinds of Gum and Leather Hose, Hose Pipe, Couplings, Gas Pipe and Fixtures, of all descriptions kept constantly on hand at

Addy, Williams & Bartley's

CORNER SIXTH AND SMITHFIELD STS.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

BEAVER STREET, MANCHESTER.

NEXT TO POST OFFICE.

N. B.—All kinds of repairing done promptly. All orders by mail immediately attended to. de26:ly

PLUMBING, GAS AND STEAM FITTING, IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,

Carefully attended to by experienced and practical workmen. A fine assortment of

GAS FIXTURES, SINKS, BATH TUBS.

SHOWER BATHS, WATER CLOSETS, HYDRANTS

Constantly on hand and made to order.

TATE & SEVILLE,

No. 59 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny,
And 77 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh.
mh16:1y

STEAM FITTING.

Plumbing and Gas Fitting.

FORCE PUMPS, FOR ENGINEERS.

IRON PIPE & BRASS WORK,

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

EWENS & CO.,

Successors to Addy & Ewens,

165 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

T. E. EWENS.....WM. LONGDON.

PLUMBING, GAS AND

STEAM FITTING,

HYDRANTS. IRON PUMPS.

SHEET LEAD, SHEET ZINC, LEAD PIPES, SINKS, BASINS

WATER CLOSETS AND WASHSTANDS.

EWENS & CO.,

(Successors to Addy & Ewens,)

Ja3:17tood No. 165 Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa.

T. E. EWENS.....WM. LANGDON

GAS FITTING,

PLUMBING AND STEAM FITTING.

SMOKE BELLS,

Portable and Cigar Lighters,

EWENS & CO.,

(Successors to Addy & Ewens,)

Ja3:17tood No. 165 Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa.

VARIETIES AND TOYS.

BUY YOUR NOTIONS,

Toys, Baskets,

VARIETIES, &c., AT

J. G. LAUER'S

Variety and Store, No. 101 Market street.

AUCTION SALES.

LARGE PEREMPTORY SALE

OF

1800 ENTIRE PACKAGES

OF

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN DRY GOODS,

IN PHILADELPHIA.

JOHN B. MYERS & CO., Auctioneers, Philadelphia, will sell on

Wednesday, April 4, 1866,

1,600 PACKAGES DOMESTIC GOODS, for Cash; 200 CASES FOREIGN GOODS, on a credit of four months, exclusively in whole packages.

The attention of Jobbers from all sections is invited, as every package offered will be positively sold, and the sale will embrace a large and varied assortment of the best Philadelphia and Eastern Manufactures. mh26.8td

AUCTION SALE OF HOSPITAL STORES, WHISKY, WINES, &C.

MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 21, 1866.

Will be sold at Public Auction, in this city, at the Judiciary Square Warehouse, back of the City Hall, on WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of April next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following articles of Hospital Stores and Liquors, no longer required for the use of the medical department of the army, viz:

Arrow Root	10,000 lbs.	Tapioca	10,000 lbs.
Barley	10,000 "	Tartaric Acid	100 "
Corn Starch	10,000 "	Mixed Desc. do	182 "
Cream Tartar	1,000 "	Whisky	10,000
Cinnamon, Pwd	1,000 "	bottles	20,000
Farina	20,000 "	Whisky, in bbls	
Tapioca	10,000 "	gallons	3,000
Ext. of Beef	20,000 "	Sherry Wine,	
Concen'd Milk	20,000 "	quart bottles	40,000
Coffee	5,000 "	Sherry Wine, in	
Ext. of Coffee	3,500 gal.	barrels	50
Beans	600 lbs.	Tarra ine Wine,	
Pea Beans	2,400 "	bottles	10,000

The above articles will be sold in lots to suit both large and small purchasers.

Terms—Cash.

Five (5) days will be allowed to parties in removing their property.

Catalogues ready by the 5th proximo.

CHAS. SUTHERLAND,
Surgeon and Purveyor, U. S. A.

C. W. BUTLER, Auctioneer. mh24:lapl6d

JAMES S. EARLE & SONS'

FIFTH GREAT SALE

OF

VALUABLE FOREIGN & AMERICAN

OIL PAINTINGS.

The entire Importation of JAMES S. EARLE & SONS, selected in the studios of the best European Artists, by Mr. JAMES S. EARLE, in the fall of 1865, will be sold at Auction in the Eastern Galleries of Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts, Philadelphia, on TUESDAY, March 27th and WEDNESDAY, March 28th.

Paintings on Free Exhibition on and after MONDAY, March 19th.

Catalogues now ready and sent by mail on application.

mh14-tmh19 B. SCOTT, Jr., Auctioneer.

ST. CHARLES FURNITURE, CARPETS, BEDDING, &c., AT AUCTION.—Commencing on WEDNESDAY MORNING, March 21st, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and continuing every day at same hours, will be sold, without reserve, the entire furniture of the St. Charles Hotel, corner of Third and Wood streets, embracing full suits of Parlor, Drawing Room, Reception, and Chamber Furniture in Rosewood, Walnut, Mahogany, and Imitation Woods. Elegant bedsteads, wash stands, wardrobes, dressing cases, marble tables, chairs and settees, Brussels, ingrain and other carpets, venetian blinds, shades, &c., carpets of every quality, from ingrain to the richest quality of velvet and Brussels pile. Bedding, feather beds, hair and bolting embrasse feather, cotton, hair, husk and moss beds and mattresses, spring beds, bolsters, and pillows, sheets, blankets, quilts, counterpanes, mosquito nets, &c.; dining room ware, including the silver spoons, forks, castors, sets of ivory handled knives, table linen, &c. Also, will be included in the sale and announced through the daily papers, also, groceries, provisions, &c., also, the Washing Machine in laundry, which cost $100. Terms cash. T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct.

BRICK MANSION AND GROUNDS IN MANSFIELD AT AUCTION.—On TUESDAY EVENING, March 27th, at 7 o'clock, will be sold on the second floor of Commercial Sale Rooms, the Smithfield street, that desirable Home in the village of Mansfield, 7 miles from the city, within a few minutes walk of the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad, being the property of R. S. Robb, Esq. The house is a well built two-story Brick, containing five rooms, with the usual proportion in front, all in good repair. The Grounds front 77½ feet on Main street, by 120 feet deep, the whole tastefully improved by large number of choice fruit trees, peach and apple, and good garden; also a well of excellent water, a good coal house, and large and convenient two-story frame stable and carriage house on rear of lot.

Terms—Two-fifths cash; balance in one year, with interest. Possession on 1st of April.

mh22 A. McILWAINE, Auct.

FURNITURE AT AUCTION—No. 54 NORTH COMMON, BELOW FEDERAL AND SANDUSKY STREETS, ALLEGHENY CITY.—On TUESDAY MORNING, March 27th, at 10 o'clock, will be sold, at private residence, the entire parlor, dining room and kitchen furniture, consisting of elegant walnut hook case, walnut wardrobe, mahogany dressing bureaus, mahogany and walnut bedsteads, walnut wash stand, marble top and extension tables, side and centre tables, side board, spring rest sofa, parlor chairs and rockers, invalid chairs, Venetian and fancy blinds, Brussels, ingrain, hall and stair carpet, rods and rugs, oil cloths, kitchen furniture, crockery, glassware, tinware, fenders and fire-irons; also, one Howe's sewing Machine, in good order.

mh22 A. McCLELLAND, Auct.

ELEGANT DWELLING HOUSE & LOT AT AUCTION.—ON TUESDAY AFTERNOON, March 27th, at 3 o'clock, at Masonic Hall Auction House, No. 56 and 57 Fifth street, will be sold, a very desirable Dwelling House, No. 50 Liberty street, built in modern style, having saloon, parlor, dining room and kitchen, wide hall and two-story back building, four chambers and bath-room on second floor and three chambers on third floor; gas and water throughout, dry cellar, having hot and cold water furnace, and lot. Also, will be sold an excellent opportunity for persons seeking a comfortable home. Lot 21 feet 6 inches by 100 feet to an Alley. Terms cash.

mh23 T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct'r.

CENTRE AVENUE RESIDENCE AT AUCTION.—ON TUESDAY AFTERNOON, March 26th, at 3½ o'clock, at the Masonic Hall Auction House, Nos. 56 and 57 Fifth street, the eligible lot, immediately opposite the Car Station, fronting 24 feet 11 inches on Centre Avenue, and extending back 166 feet, on which is a modern style two-story Brick Dwelling, of seven rooms and bath-room, built in a superior manner; hot and cold water throughout; gas pipes in house, marble mantles in parlors, and house in thorough repair. Terms, one-half cash, balance in one year.

mh19 T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct'r.

BANK, INSURANCE AND GAS STOCKS.—ON TUESDAY EVENING, March 27th, at 7½ o'clock will be sold on second floor of the Commercial Sale Rooms, 108 Smithfield street:

20 shares Bank of Pittsburgh;
20 shares Fourth National Bank;
5 shares Pittsburgh Gas Co.;
30 " Cash Insurance Company;
30 " Western do do
84 " Birmingham Gas do do
100 " Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad.

mh26 A. McILWAINE, Auct.

SIXTH WARD LOTS AT AUCTION.

Adjourned sale of Two Lots of ground, each 20 feet 6 inches front and 82 in depth of Buena Vista heirs, fronting 20 feet back; extending back 90 feet 5 inches, at A. McILWAINE'S, on TUESDAY, March 27th, at Masonic Hall Auction House, 55 and 57 Fifth Street. Terms at sale.

mh26 T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct'r.

MANUFACTURERS.

INDUSTRIAL WORKS.

HUGH M. BOLE.....HUNTER ORR.

HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,

FOUNDERS, ENGINE BUILDERS AND MACHINISTS, Manufacturers of Land and Marine ENGINES, BOILERS, Oil Well Works, OIL WELL ENGINES, and every kind of Machinery made to order. All work warranted. Castings of every description made to order. Repairing Machinery promptly attended to.

Shop, THIRD AVENUE, POINT ALLEY AND BANK OF ALLEGHENY RIVER, near the Point, Pittsburgh, Pa. fe22:6md3d

ARSENAL GLASS WORKS.

MODES, RYRIE & CO.,

Manufacturers of BLACK and GREEN GLASS WARE, Druggists' Ware, Bottles, Demijohns, Carboys, &c. Warehouse—No. 140 WATER STREET, between Smithfield and Grant streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

We warrant our Wares to be superior to any manufactured in the United States. Orders filled, to answer of the above description. All orders promptly attended to. Particular attention paid to packing for moulds. ja1:1y

SEVERANCE, No. 58 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh, manufacturer of BOILER RIVETS, WROUGHT SPIKES, common and railroad of every description.

THOS. F. COLLINS.....OREN WRIGHT

COLLINS & WRIGHT, Brittania Brass and Sheet Metal Workers, Britania Castors, Carbon and Lard Oil Burners, and all different styles of Britania used by Glass Manufacturers orders promptly filled. No. 139 SECOND STREET Pittsburgh, Penna. oct7:1y

ATTORNEYS.

H. C. MACKRELL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

AND

C. S. Licensed Soldiers' Claim Agent.

Bounties for Wounded Soldiers collected in from one to sixty days.

Office, No. 29 Grant street, Pittsburgh.

Call with Discharge and two witnesses. au 21

McMASTER, GAZZAM & CO.,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW

Pittsburgh, Pa.

Special attention given to the EXECUTION OF DEEDS, LEASES, MORTGAGES, &c.

Titles examined and Collections made in Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia. fe13

MILITARY CLAIMS, PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, and Military Claims of every description, collected by the subscriber, at the following rates, viz: Pensions, $10; all other claims, $25.

C. C. TAYLOR,
Attorney at Law.

Diamond street, opposite the Court House.

N. B.—No charges are made if the claim does not succeed, and all information given gratis. se5:1y

L. P. STONE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

OFFICE, 118 DIAMOND STREET, opposite the Court House Pittsburgh, Pa ja29:1mw

DRAUGHTING.

GENERAL

DRAUGHTING OFFICE

And Patent Agency

No. 12 St. St. Clair St., near Suspension Bridge

H. P. GENGEMBRE Civil Engineer
de11:1y No. 14 May street.

FOR SALE---FOR RENT.

FOR SALE.—A Farm of 11 acres and thirty-six perches, situate in Ohio township, Allegheny county, Penna. The improvements are a hewed log dwelling and frame stable, bank barn and other out buildings, a good young apple and peach orchard, of the best variety. The farm is underlaid with coal and limestone of the best quality; a fine stone quay of 8 Nos. 1 quality, west east of access to the Monongahela river at Tagg's Ferry. This small farm I am authorized to sell very low figures.

Also, a Farm of 117 acres, situate in Fallowfield township, Washington county, Pa., about 2 miles from the town of Beallsville. The improvements are first, a two story frame house with five rooms; second, a two-and-a-half story hewed log house; third, a No. 1 new barn, 60 by 40 feet; a good spring house, three large orchards of

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY, MARCH 27, 1866.

ROBINSON, McCLEAN & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
No. 75 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh,

Dealers in all kinds of Government Securities, Gold and Silver, Uncurrent Bank Notes, Foreign and Domestic Exchange, etc., etc., etc.

Deposits received in Par Funds and Currency. Interest allowed on time deposits. Collections made in all parts of the United States on most favorable terms.

Orders executed with dispatch for everything in the business at the Boston, New York, Philadelphia, and Pittsburgh Brokers' Boards strictly on commission.

Draw on H. CLEWS & CO., New York, J. COOKE & CO., Philadelphia; Messrs. C. D. & C. H. PERKINS, Boston.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

MONDAY, March 26, 1866.

Gold is reported a shade stronger to-day, being quoted in New York at 125¾. It may possibly advance two or three per cent, temporarily, but the general impression seems to be that it will still further decline. The merchandise markets are in a stagnant condition, there being little doing even in the articles most in urgent demand for consumption, such as flour, provisions, produce and domestic goods; the general report is that but little is doing. Everybody appears to be watching the gold barometer, yet prices do not change materially. Holders of gold appear firmly to believe in the "good time coming" when prices will rule higher, and buyers hold off from a similiar hope in the opposite direction. Meanwhile sales are made in small amounts, and the business community simply buy and sell what the public must have to supply necessary wants. The tendency of prices in some articles, such as dry goods, is downward. All are anxiously looking forward and hoping for a more active state of business soon.

—The Boston *Commercial*, of Saturday, has the following in reference to copper stocks:

"Copper stocks are showing some animation. There is a lively movement in Hancock, and the Copper Falls is progressing under the management of a couple of cool-headed operators. The question about the existence of a corner is likely to be answered very soon. The Petherick Copper Company has just been through the motions of an annual meeting. The seventy thousand dollars paid in capital to the Petherick has never returned to the unlucky owners of the property any dividend, and it is not anticipated that the new board of direction will be able to manage the concern more profitably than their predecessors. A few shares of Petherick have this week sold at 2. The Hancock Mining Company have also just held their annual meeting. The Hancock has a paid-in capital of $250,000, upon which no dividends have ever been paid. We are pleased to learn that it is expected that the new management will soon make the Hancock one of the most profitable investment at the Stock Exchange." This is, probably "as well as can be expected." It is now asserted by those interested in the movement for an increase of the duty on copper, that American copper is taxed in one way and another ten and five eighths cents per pound, while the duty upon imported copper is but two and a half cents per pound. A removal of this tax might operate as well as an increase of duty.

New York Stocks, Dry Goods and Money.

[BY MOSES AND STOKES.]

NEW YORK, March 26.—The banks are discounting more freely. The rates for call loans are 6@7 per cent. The gold market gained strength and rose to 125@125. The short interest outstanding is known to be large. The heavy selling of saturday has all passed away. The Stock market sale to-day is dull, principally on Pittsburgh, but quite dull on the balance of the list. The following were the closing prices: New York Central, 96; Erie, 85½; Hudson River, 105; Reading, 109; Michigan Central, 102½; Michigan Southern, 87¼; Illinois Central, 118; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 76½; Chicago and North Western, 25½; do preferred, 54; Cleveland and Toledo, 103; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 76½; Chicago and North Western, 25½; do preferred, 54; Cleveland and Toledo, 103; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 103½; Fort Wayne, 92; 10-40s, 91½; 5-20s, 103½; 7-30s, 109½; Western Union Telegraph 62¼.

PETROLEUM.

The market for Petroleum shares is generally quiet. Brooklyn, 1,80; Cherry Run, 2,5; Parkside, 5,95; Venango, 2,00; Bennehoff, 11,85; Excelsior, 1,30; Oil Creek, 1,00; Webster, 90.

MINING STOCKS.

Grinnell, 1,50; Smith and Palmer, 10,50; Excelsior, 2,30; Sterling, 1,25.

DRY GOODS.

The Dry Goods market is very dull and unsettled, caused in part by the fall and weakness of gold, and the large supply of foreign goods added to the full supply of domestic goods. Buyers and holders are both anxiously waiting for a settled market, and until this have that little can be done by either party. The following are the quotations: Sheetings—Stark A, 29; do O, 28; do M, 25; do O, 24; Bleached shirtings—Anthony Manufacturing Company, 28; Talmet River, 26; Palermo, 25; Pride's Meridian, 25; do D, 24; Bonsall, 24; Delaines—Manchester, 25; Hamilton, 22½; Cambries—Washington, 19; Portland, 18; Glasgo—Massapoula, 30; Lonsdale, 28; Cabot, 24; Flannels—Pemberton A A, 60; do A, 55; do Pemberton A A, 50; do A, 45; Hoop Skirts—Bentley's, Empire, Elliptic, 30 to 40 hoops, 4-4, 18,00; Empress Trail, 21,00.

The decline in the price of domestic and foreign manufacture since the commencement of the year is from 25 to 40 per cent., and half of the loss sustained by importers and jobbers, may be inferred from this. Cotton has met with a still greater decline and a good many articles have fallen a trifle beyond.

The specie value of imports from July 1, 1865, to March 24th, 1865, were $220,267,601; current value of exports do, $101,196,736; exports of specie do, $17,342,502; specie from California do, $21,055,167; customs receipts do, $95,396,632.

WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.

Loans, $254,500,351; increase, $703,140. Specie, $13,580,951; decrease, $1,003,801. Circulation, $23,25,486; decrease, $20,945. Deposits $185,-88,245; increase, $429,58. Legal Tender, $49,-00,000; increase $1,00,,00.

Pork Packing in 1865-6.

The Cincinnati *Price Current* contains its regular annual statement of pork packing in the west for 1865-6, by which it is shown that the deficiency this season is not nearly so large as had been expected. Farmers being unusually so—and the great bulk of the packing was done in the month of January, instead of December, as usual. This short crop of pork, when there was a great abundance of food for hogs, can only be accounted for on the hypothesis of an absolute scarcity of hogs, and this must be the result of the high price, and the large demand for corn, which induced farmers to part with their hogs and cattle rather than feed corn to them. It will be seen than the total number packed is 1,865,-471, that the increase in the weight is 44,000,000 pounds per hog, which is equal to 24,296 hogs, of the average weight of the season of 1864-5, making the crop of the present season equal to 1,894,70 hogs of the previous season's average. The yield of lard per hog is 31 1-17 lb against 24 1-9 lb in 1864-5, showing an increase of about 7 lbs per hog. This includes but lard and rendering lard; the lard taken out is added, as usual. Net deficiency in the crop 469,000—equal to 15 per cent less than the crop of last season, and 41 ½ per cent less than that of 1863-4. Aggregate product of lard, 1864-5, 59,060,724 lbs; 1865-6, 52,86,058 lbs; deficit, 6,195,-096 lbs. This is lard tare, and if head and gut be added both years, the results will compare about as follows: 1864-5, 78,884,685 lbs; 1865-6, 70,-780,874 lbs; deficit, 8,507,811 lbs.

GRAPE CURE.	1864-5.	1865-6
Ohio	907,190	450,000
Illinois	1,091,426	622,04[illegible]
Indiana	290,401	168,[illegible]
Iowa	176,907	76,[illegible]
Missouri	209,454	105,2[illegible]
Wisconsin	124,123	93,5[illegible]
Kentucky	118,267	92,[illegible]
Grand Totals	2,451,649	1,663,474
	1,663,474	
Deficiency	788,145	

New York Iron Market.

NEW YORK, March 24.—The market for pig is depressed, and, though there is some inquiry for immediate use, prices are lower. The strike at Albany and Troy has an unfavorable influence upon the trade in this article, and American has suffered even more than Scotch. The sales are 500 tons Glengarnock, on spot, at 58, ex-ship; 20, 00 do Gartsherrie, $48@48,50; 100 do Eglington, $46, mostly in lots; 1,50 do No. 1 American, $44@45; 200 do No. 2, $42, at Easton; besides which, a considerable quantity No. 1 is reported to have changed hands at even less than $44,0, though the regular asket price has not been reduced to-day. Inferior good English refined bar are held at $100 per gold, without sales—a sale of 10,00 tons American refined was sold recently at $100, delivered in Philadelphia, and manufacturers offer it here at $105, with only small sales. Hoops, particularly ⅝, ¾ and ⅞ inch, are scarce, as also 5-16@⅜ inch rods—sheet is also scarce. From stores, there is but little business doing, and prices are rather softer. We note sales of 300 tons English rails, at, and equal to 85; good, and 250 tons Trenmoin from Cox, steel-headed do, $135, currency. A contract was made a short time ago for 4,00 tons English steel rails, for two New York roads, at $105 gold, and lately another for 2,00 tons of this same description, for another road, to now New York, on private terms.

Boston Fish Market.

BOSTON, March 24.—sales of Grand Bank and Bay Handy at 4[illegible] per qtl for medium and large; small, $3 to $3 per qtl. New Georges are in fair supply, with sales at $7,-5@7,50 for box, and $6,75@7,00 for whole fares. Hake are scarce at $4,50@5,00; Haddock are held at $3,00 here, and $2,50@2,75 per qtl, packed.

Mackerel are firm and in steady demand. The stock is getting light and is concentrating in an end, prices are reported to rule high all through the season. Sales at $17@17,50 for No. 1 Bay; $15@23 for choice do; $12@13 for No. 2, and $14 for No. 3. Shore are selling at $7,50@8 and Pickled Herring at $5@5,50 per bbl. For common and labrador smoked Herring are selling at 5@6c per box for No. 1 and sealed. Salmon are nominal but held higher at $16@18 per barrel.—*Bulletin.*

Chicago Market.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Board of Trade.

CHICAGO, March 26.—Flour, dull. Wheat, quiet at $1,25@1,25 for No. 1 Spring; $1,25@1,26 for No. 2. Corn, dull, at 67½ cash, 68 for March. Oats, dull, at 35c. Provisions, dull; Mess Pork, $25,50. Lard, 16c. Hogs, $9,25@9,50. Dressed Hogs, $10,50. Receipts, 1,00 bbls. Flour; 7,500 bush. Wheat; 4,000 bush. Corn; 1800 bush. Oats; 500 Hogs. Shipments, 6,000 bbls. Flour; 1,000 bush. Wheat; 1,900 bush. Corn; 6,500 bush. Oats.

New York Petroleum Market.

NEW YORK, March 26.—Petroleum dull but nominally unchanged. Sales at 22½ for Crude, and 39@40 for Refined in bond. Receipts, 1,700 barrels.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY March 26, 1866.

The produce markets continue dull and neglected, and with a demand restricted entirely to supplying the immediate wants of the retail trade, we have but very few round lot operations to record. In prices, there have been no changes worthy of special notice.

GRAIN—No transactions in Wheat, Rye or Barley, and, in the absence of which, we omit quotations. There is an improved demand for Oats, and with very light arrivals, prices are a shade higher; we now quote at 42@43, on track, and 44@45 from store. Corn is dull but unchanged; sales from store at 67 to 68c, for shelled and Ear.

FLOUR—Is dull but unchanged; small sales from store at $8,5 to $8,- for Spring; $9,25@9,- for half Spring and half Winter, and $10,-@10,- for all Winter. Sales of 150 bbls, to go to Oil City, at $10,-. Rye Flour is dull and nominal at $7,25@7,-.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is dull but unchanged; sales at 13½@14 for Shoulders; 19,-@20,- for Ribbed Sides, and 22@22½ for Sugar Cured Hams. Lard is quoted firm at to 18c for prime kettle rendered. Mess Pork quiet at $24@25 per bbl.

SEEDS—Clover seed continues dull, with a supply largely in excess of the demand; small sales from store at $5,-00 per bush. Timothy seed, is quiet at $3,-@3,-. Flaxseed has declined to $2,-.

BUTTER—Is in continued good demand, and prime Roll is scarce; sale of 6 bbls. common at 15; 3 half bbls prime at 35, and 4 half bbls choice at 40.

EGGS—The receipts were unusually large today—one firm alone receiving *sixty four barrels*. Demand fair and market steady, with sales at 25@25.

CHEESE—Is quoted at 23@24 for Hamburg, and 25 for Goshen.

HAY—Is a shade firmer, and with a falling off in the arrivals, prices are a shade better. Loose is selling at city scales at $18 to $22 per ton—We have a small sale of baled reported at $18.

DRIED FRUIT—Sale of 16 bbls Apples at 14, and 6 bbls Peaches, (halves) at 20.

BEANS—Sales of 20 bbls prime[illegible] White, in bbls, at $1,75 per bush.

MILL FEED—Dull but unchanged; small sales from store at $1,40@1,45 for Middlings, and $1@1,10 for Shipstuffs.

OIL—Sales of No. 1 Lard at $1,75.

LEMONS—Sales of 25 bxs at $4 per box.

LIME—Sales of White at $2,-[illegible] per bbl.

LEAD—Quoted at 10@10½ per lb.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, March 26, 1866.

CRUDE—The market for Crude was moderately active to-day, the reported sales reaching in the aggregate over six thousand barrels, but prices have undergone no quotable change, and we continue to quote at 12@12½ for tanks returned, and 17@18 bbls included, according to gravity. Sales of 50 bbls at 12; 200 do to 12,50; 200 do at 13; 500 do at 13,50; 200 do, packages included, at 17½; 1,80, (40 to 44 gravity) at 12½; 500 do do, at 13; and 500, (low gravity) on private terms. There may have been some other sales which escaped our notice, but we have given enough to indicate the general tone of the market. It is probable that some of the wells, but the eastern telegrams still report unfavorably.

REFINED—The market for bonded oil continues very quiet—not a single transaction reported, either for home or future delivery. There is no apparent falling off in the demand, but the figures offered are not large enough to induce manufacturers to deliver in Philadelphia, buyers are offering to buy at 37,@38 for immediate shipment; 39@40 for May; 41@42 for June, and 42@42½ for July. Free Oil is dull and nominal at 52@52, for small lots to the trade.

NAPTHA AND RESIDUUM—Continue very dull—in fact, there is not enough doing to establish quotations.

ARRIVALS—The arrivals of crude by the Allegheny river during the forty-eight hours ending this evening, were as follows:

Arrivals.		
Belle	Loughrey	Oil City.
Lochaire	Keller	Oil City.
Lead Lott	Hamilton	Parkersburg.

Departures.		
Bayard	Moore	Parkersburg.
Peerless	Russell	Oil City.
Ida Rees No. 2	Rees	Oil City.

RIVER, WEATHER, ETC.

The river is falling steadily at this point with nine feet in the channel by the Allegheny marks last evening. The weather yesterday was very cold, but not unfavorable for out door operations. Business continues very dull at the wharf, the offerings of freight being very light, and boats experience great difficulty in picking up anything like a full trip.

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TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

Departs.		Arrives.
Day Express	2:20 a m	Mail	1:50 a m
Mail	3:00 a m	Cincinnati Express	8:20 a m
Fast Line	11:00 a m	Fast Line	2:00 p m
Mail	11:00 a m	Penn Accom No 1	7:50 a m
Phila Express	4:30 p m	Mail & Accom	12:30 p m
Johnstown Accom	4:30 p m	Johnst'n Accom	10:20 a m
Fast Line	10:00 p m	Phila Express	12:50 p m
Mail & Accom	5:30 p m	Baltimore Exp	3:30 p m
"	10:45 a m	Mail Accom	1:30 p m
"	4:30 p m	Mail Express	9:20 p m
Baltimore Exp	10:30 p m	Mail & Accom	5:30 p m
Penn Accom No 2	10:30 p m	Allegheny Accom	8:30 a m
Penn Accom No 3	10:30 p m	Altoona Accom	

The church train' carries passengers to and from every Sunday at 9:45 a.m.; morning, and 3 p.m. afternoon, at 2:30 p.m.

Pittsburgh, Columbus and Cincinnati.

Departs.		Arrives.
Fast Line	2:00 a m	Fast Line	9:00 a m
Mail	9:00 a m	Mail	4:00 p m
Express	4:00 p m	Express	1:00 a m
Accommodation	4:00 p m	Accommodation	10:00 a m

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago.

Departs.		Arrives.
Express	4:00 a m	Express	9:00 a m
Express	2:00 p m	Express	6:00 p m
Express	2:15 a m	Express	6:00 p m
Accommodation	4:30 p m	Accommodation	10:30 a m
Express	8:00 p m	Express	1:00 p m

New Lexington Accommodation leaves Allegheny at 4:30 p.m. daily, except Sunday, and arrives at 10:30 a.m. next morning.

Pittsburgh, Cleveland and Wheeling.

Departs.		Arrives.
Express	4:00 a m	Express	9:00 a m
Express	2:00 p m	Express	6:00 p m
Express	2:15 a m	Express	6:00 p m
Accommodation	4:30 p m	Accommodation	10:30 a m
Express	8:00 p m	Express	1:00 p m

Pittsburgh and Connellsville.

Departs.		Arrives.
Express	7:00 a m	Express	6:00 p m
Mail	3:00 p m	Mail	10:00 a m
Express	6:00 p m	Express	9:00 a m
Accommodation	4:30 p m	Accommodation	10:30 a m

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Departs.		Arrives.
Express	6:30 a m	Express	11:00 a m
Express	2:00 p m	Express	6:00 p m
Accommodation	4:30 p m	Accommodation	10:30 a m

Pittsburgh and Erie Railroad, to Oil City and Franklin.

Arrives.		Departs.
Express	10:30 a m	Express	6:30 a m
Express	10:30 p m	Express	6:30 p m

Via Titusville, Meadville and Erie to Chicago and Via Hamburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago, and to Buffalo.

Brownsville Boat—Grant and Water Sts.

Arrives.		Departs.
2 p. m.		4 p. m.

Harmony Stage, St Clair St.

Arrives.		Departs.
2 p. m.		10 a. m.

Butler Stages—No. 3 St. Clair Street.

Arrives.		Departs.
2 p. m.		10 a. m.

Washington Stage—Harr's Hotel

Arrives.		Departs.
2½ p. m.		10 a. m.

EXCELSIOR OMNIBUS & LIVERY STABLE,
80 PENN STREET.
JAMES DAIN & SON, Proprietors.
OMNIBUSES AND CARRIAGES furnished for all occasions. Also, Carriages for Funerals, Weddings and Parties. Horses and Carriages to let by the day or hour. EUROPEAN DAY and NIGHT. mc7-tf

STEAMBOATS.

1866. 1866.

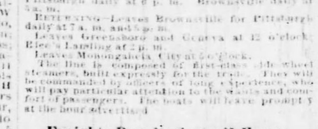
SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

MONONGAHELA RIVER;

Pittsburgh, Brownsville and Geneva,

UNION LINE,

PACKET COMP'Y.



FAYETTE, CAPT. SPEER.
TELEGRAPH, CAPT. D. HARDMAN.
REINDEER, CAPT. W. CARLISLE.
GALLATIN, CAPT. A. CARLISLE.

These packets ply regularly between Pittsburgh and Brownsville, leaving Pittsburgh daily at 4 p. m., except Sunday, when the departure will be at 5 o'clock, p. m.

The through packet for the Oil Regions will leave Pittsburgh daily at 6 p. m. Brownsville daily at 9 a. m.

Returning—Leaves Brownsville for Pittsburgh daily at 7 a. m., and 2 p. m.

Leaves Greensboro and Geneva at 12 o'clock. Elco's Landing at 2 p. m.

Leaves Monongahela City at 5 o'clock.

The line is composed of first-class side-wheel steamers, built expressly for the trade. They will be commanded by officers of long experience, who will pay particular attention to the wants and comfort of passengers. The boats will leave promptly at the hour advertised.

Freights Received at all Hours.

For further particulars, enquire of
WILLIAM McELROY, Agent,
At the Wharf-boat, foot of Grant st., Pittsburgh.
L. COLVIN, Agent,
Brownsville.

REGULAR MISSOURI

FOR MEMPHIS & NEW ORLEANS—The splendid side-wheel steamer CAPT. SWEENY, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on THURSDAY, the 5th April.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
H. KNAPP & CO'S FINANCIAL AGENCY.

FOR MEMPHIS & NEW ORLEANS—The splendid side-wheel steamer CAPT. ABRAMS, Will leave for the above on THIS DAY, at 4 p. m.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR ST. JOSEPH AND MISSOURI RIVER.—The splendid passenger packet
ARKANSAS,
CAPT. SWEENY,
Will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on WEDNESDAY, at 9 a. m.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agts.

FOR CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS. The splendid steamer
SILVER LAKE, No. 1, CAPTAIN TODD,
Will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on THIS DAY, at 4 p. m.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR CINCINNATI, LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE
The splendid passenger steamer
CATAWBA, CAPT. J. LYTLE,
Will leave as above on THIS DAY, at 11 a. m.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR LOUISVILLE, LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE
The splendid passenger steamer
CAPT. D. HARDMAN,
Will leave as above on THIS DAY, at 4 p. m.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

REGULAR PACKET

FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA AND ZANESVILLE.
The fine steamer EMMA GRAHAM, Capt. C. Bee, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports, every TUESDAY and SATURDAY, at 3 p. m.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.

STEAMSHIPS.

STEAM TO AND FROM LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN, (IRELAND), twice a week.
THE INMAN LINE, sailing,
EVERY SATURDAY,
EVERY WEDNESDAY,
CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

Tickets sold to and from Ireland, England, Scotland Germany and France.

Apply at the Company's Offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, N.Y.

RIVER NEWS.

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BOOTS AND SHOES.

PANIC! PANIC!! PANIC!!!

Who Shall Quell It?

In Vain we Wait for the Answer.

MANUFACTURERS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS,

AND

SPECULATORS

Have endeavored to calm this panic in

BOOTS & SHOES

And Houses that yesterday had a flourishing trade, have to-day failed, and

CONCERT HALL SHOE STORE

Now offers her entire stock of goods

AT COST.

Men's Calf Boots - - - $2,00.

BUY TO-DAY.

No. 60 Fifth Street.

jan26

AUCTION SALES.

RICH HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, & CARPETS AT AUCTION.—Sale at No. 5 South Common, on WEDNESDAY, March 28th, at 10 o'clock. The superior household furniture contained in the three-story dwelling house on the above premises, on Common, Allegheny, will be peremptorily sold on WEDNESDAY, March 28th, at 10 o'clock. The very double parlor suits, in hair cloth and reps; elegant marble top dressing bureau, walnut and mahogany dressing bureaus, very rich solid mahogany and walnut bedsteads, solid walnut and oak sinks, marble top centre table and what-nots, hat rack with mirror, hair seat rocking chairs, 12 foot extension table, cane seat and dining chairs, &c. &c. May be examined at 9 o'clock on the morning of sale.

N. B. Personal attention given to sale of household furniture at residences in Pittsburgh, Allegheny City, and the country.

mc26 R. G. ALLISON & CO., Auctioneers.

SALE OF SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT NO. 12 ROBINSON STREET, ALLEGHENY.—The following superior household furniture will be sold at public auction on THURSDAY, March 29th, at 10 o'clock, at the residence of Federal street, two hair seat sofas, two sets hair seat parlor chairs, two marble top bureaus, marble top and plain dressing bureaus, marble top centre table, Venetian mirrors, pier and mantel mirrors, bedsteads, mattresses, feather pillows and bolsters, dining and breakfast tables, dishes, China and other kitchen utensils, and other articles too numerous to mention. Sale positive, as I am about to leave the city.

mc26 JOHN HEALY, Auctioneer.

BUILDING AT AUCTION. Sale on TUESDAY, April 3d, at 10 o'clock.—The four-story Brick Building on East street, between second and third streets, Third Ward, Allegheny. Terms—Cash. Grocery will be open for trade for cash, on the premises, on Tuesday, April 3d, at 2 o'clock. Immediate possession given of the store and dwelling. Also, a splendid three-story brick dwelling, with back building, and lot 20 feet front by 100 feet deep, on Fayette street, between Fifth and Sixth streets, Pittsburgh. The lot is 20 by 80 feet more or less. Terms made known at sale.

mc26 R. G. ALLISON & CO., Auctioneers.

BANK STOCK AT AUCTION This Tuesday, AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, at the Exchange, Fourth Street, will be sold one share Fourth National Bank Stock.

J. A. McCLELLAND, Auct.

ORATORIO.

THE ORATORIO SOCIETY

WILL PERFORM

MENDELSOHN'S

MAGNIFICENT SYMPHONY AND CANTATA

HYMN OF PRAISE.

On Tuesday Evening, April 3d,

AT CITY HALL.

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE Repealing the [illegible]

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

[illegible]

Proposals for the construction of a Public Sewer in Grant street, from Diamond street to the Monongahela river, will be received at the Mayor's office until 12 o'clock, M., on MONDAY, the 9th day of April, 1866. Specifications can be seen at this office.

CHARLES BRADBURY,
mc26 Mayor.

REAL ESTATE.

CHEAP BUILDING LOT FOR SALE in the Seventh Ward, having a front of 20 feet on Locust street, and extending back the line of Reed street for feet, well situated for a large manufacturing site. Will sell at $ per foot. Apply to
E. McLAIN & CO.

SUNDRIES.

[illegible] barrels prime Goshen Cheese.
20 bbls. prime New York Dried Apples.
25 bbls. prime Peaches.
5 do do New White Beans.
25 kegs Pigeon's Syrup.
[illegible] Pearl Ash.
[illegible] Soda Ash.
[illegible] White Lime.
[illegible] bbls. Water Lime.
[illegible] bbls. Lake Herring.
[illegible] bbls. White Fish.
[illegible] bbls. Mackerel.
[illegible] bbls. Potatoes.
For sale at low rates for cash by
mh27 J. E. CANFIELD.

CONSIGNMENTS OF FRUIT AND PRODUCE.

50 boxes Messina Oranges, prime.
10 do Lemons, do.
20 do Goshen Cheese.
20 do Hamburg do.
10 dozen Cocoanuts.
2 do Pineapples.
10 do do Pineapples.
10 bags dry Peaches.
10 bbls. dried Apples.
40 do Peach Blow Potatoes.
1000 bush. do in sacks.
Received and for sale by
POTTER, AIKEN & SHEPARD,
mh24 369 Liberty street.

CONSIGNMENTS.

15 bbls. prime Cranberries.
50 boxes Messina Oranges.
10 do Lemons.
10 do do
10 do do
10 do do
100 bushels Onions.
Received and for sale by
W. J. STEEL & BRO.,
mh27-tf No. 124 Third street.

SWEITZER CHEESE. 4,000 lbs. Extra Choice Sweitzer Cheese in store and for sale by
CHAS. C. BAILSLEY,
mh27 20 Liberty street.

GOSHEN CHEESE 100 bxs. first class Goshen Cheese in store and for sale by
CHAS. C. BAILSLEY,
mh27 20 Liberty street.

SPICES—Cloves, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Allspice, Pepper, &c., for sale by
REYMER & BROS.
mh17 Nos. 125 and 128 Wood street.

EAR CORN 1000 bus. for sale by
McBANE & ANDER,
mh13 No. 124 Second street.

PLATFORM SCALE 1 Platform Scale, almost new, in good order, for sale low by
CHAS. C. BAILSLEY, 20 Liberty st.

OATS! OATS!! 400 bus. Penna. Oats in store and for sale by
L. H. VOIGT & CO.
mh14

SWEET CIDER 15 bbls. Sweet Drinking Cider for sale by
L. H. VOIGT & CO.
mh14

HIGHWINES 25 barrels, iron bound, now in store and for sale by
L. H. VOIGT & CO.
mh14

POTATOES 500 bbls. Prince Albert and Peach Blow Potatoes for sale by
J. E. CANFIELD.
mh14

A FINE LOT OF ADAMANTINE CANDLES received and in store at
180, H. SCOTT'S OLD Liberty st.
mh19

ROSINDALE CEMENT 100 bbls just received by
HENRY H. COLLINS.
mh13

LAND PLASTER 50 bbls.
HENRY H. COLLINS.
mh13

LUBRICATING OIL. 50 bbls. Natural Oil.
HENRY H. COLLINS.
mh13

CALCINED PLASTER 100 bbls. for sale by
HENRY H. COLLINS.
mh13

SORGHUM 100 bbls. Light colored to arrive and for sale by
L. H. VOIGT.
mh13

LUBRICATING OIL. Superior article
HENRY H. COLLINS.
mh13

PEANUTS 50 sacks now landing for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.
mh8

CRUCIBLES. Assorted sizes.
HENRY H. COLLINS.
mh8

CALCINED PLASTER 100 bbl. fresh.
HENRY H. COLLINS.
(mh22)

INSURANCE

INSURE YOUR LIFE IN THE

CHARTER OAK LIFE INSURANCE CO.,

of Hartford, Conn.

THE ONLY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY IN AMERICA that now makes and pays an Annual CASH DIVIDEND on the first and each subsequent payment of premium. Its CASH CAPITAL, an accumulation of $1,00,-00, is entirely invested in public stocks and mortgages of REAL ESTATE. It is now in its 16th year of business, and has paid to the widows AND ORPHANS of its insured a large sum of ONE MILLION DOLLARS. To this date not a single case of litigation has occurred, an evidence that liberality and fair dealing is a specialty with this Company.

The policies of this Company are not forfeited by reason of non-payment of premium after the second year. No payments required after ten years, but policies continue good through life.

J. C. WALKLY, President.
S. H. WHITE, Vice President.
E. PERKINS, Secretary.
Branch Office for Western Pennsylvania, where Circulars and Blank Applications may be obtained,
38 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
Agents wanted throughout the State. Apply to
oc26-1y E. E. GOODELL, State Agent.

CHARTER 1829. PERPETUAL

FRANKLIN

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF

PHILADELPHIA.

Assets on Jan. 1, 1864, - - $2,457,849 93

Capital	$ 400,000
Accrued Premiums	91,[illegible]
Invested Premiums	1,[illegible]
Unsettled Claims	[illegible]
Income for 1864	[illegible]
Paid Losses for 1864	[illegible]
Perpetual and Temporary Policies issued in 1864	[illegible]

DIRECTORS.

Chas. N. Bancker, Isaac Lea,
Robert Wharton, Edward C. Dale,
Jacob P. Jones, Alfred D. Jessup,
George W